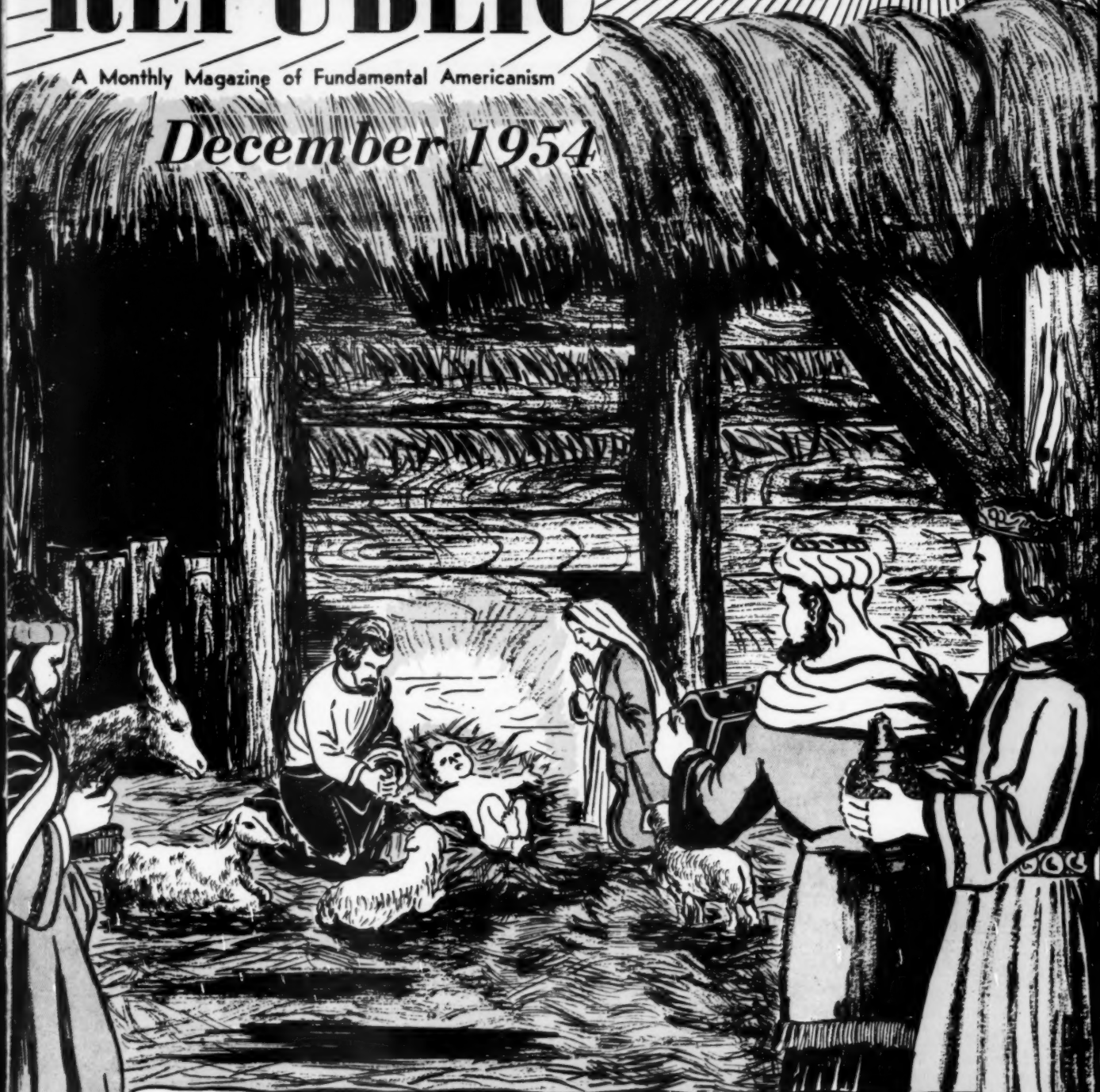


NATIONAL REPUBLIC

A Monthly Magazine of Fundamental Americanism

December 1954



Season's Greetings

NATIONAL REPUBLIC

A Magazine of Fundamental Americanism



"LET US RAISE A STANDARD TO WHICH THE WISE AND THE HONEST MAY REPAIR."
—WASHINGTON.

"THAT GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE, SHALL NOT PERISH FROM THE EARTH."—LINCOLN.

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FEATURED in this issue . . .

NATIONAL REPUBLIC readers cannot but unani-
mously give a vote of thanks to Ruth Lundgren for her
savory article, *Christmas Facts, Foods and Fancies*. It car-
ries the old-timer back to childhood, with lively memories
mixed with sadness and merriment, as full of flavor as
mincemeat or turkey dressing, Page 1.

REPRESENTATIVE RALPH W. GWINN of New York
calls attention to the fact that Communists still infiltrate
labor unions, industrial plants and atomic energy installa-
tions. Mr. Gwinn warns that sitdown strikes, such as par-
alyzed the United States during the infamous Hitler-Stalin
honeymoon of 1939-41, may yet occur, Page 3.

"I CAN HEAR A PRAYER from any man of piety and
virtue, who is at the same time a friend of this country,"
said Samuel Adams in 1774 when it was suggested that
prayers should be omitted in opening Congress, because of
the diversity of religious beliefs. From that day to this,
as told by that good and faithful chronicler, George W.
Grupp, each day's session of the Senate and House is opened
with prayer, Page 5.

THE FACT THAT THE CONSTITUTION contains
neither a floor nor a ceiling to treaties, and yet gives them
supremacy as the law of the land, has enabled innovators
to substitute "treaty law" for acts of Congress. The damage
already done is a warning of disasters to come, in which
the rights of all citizens may be destroyed. The Senate, in
approving the treaty subjecting Americans to the criminal
laws of NATO countries, has ripped to pieces the Bill of
Rights, as explained by Ira E. Bennett in *Government by
Treaty*, Page 7.

REV. CLAUDE BUNZEL furnishes valuable informa-
tion enabling the casual reader to identify Communist prop-
aganda concealed in fair-seeming religious articles, Page 13.

ON THE COVER OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLIC for
May, 1921, appeared a strikingly imaginative sketch drawn
by Albert T. Reid and entitled "*The Two Great Emanci-
pators*," representing a young man, Abraham Lincoln, gaz-
ing at a printer engaged in turning out a newspaper from
an ancient press. The future Emancipator was fascinated
by the mechanism whereby humanity had been emancipated
from tyranny by a free press. The story of this, a shrine to
be dedicated to Lincoln and the free press next year, is told
by Thomas Brown, Page 15.

THOSE PATROITS who stand ready to fight Com-
munism and Communists should know the enemy, says Dr.
George N. Kramer, Ph.D., in a scholarly article. Otherwise
the would-be destroyers of Communism may inadvertently
destroy themselves, Page 17.

THE SKILL WITH WHICH Moscow intensifies na-
tionalism in submerged peoples and then destroys them by
the same poison is detailed by Lt. Lewis S. Drill. He likens
the explosive nature of nationalism to other "fissionable
material," Page 19.

CHRISTMAS FACTS, FOODS AND FANCIES

By RUTH LUNDGREN

FOR almost 2,000 years Christmas has been the most celebrated holiday of every year. Celebrated by all kinds of people in all parts of the world—people whose taste in living and eating differs, but whose feeling about Christmas is the same.

Our Christmases never get "better" as the years go by, because the Christmases of our childhood are "best." Perhaps it is for this reason that we draw on the traditions and symbols of Christmas with which our parents brightened our early Christmases.

To everybody, Christmas means shining lights and shining eyes, gayety, laughter, peace and joy, as well as prayerful thanksgiving. Christmas means good cheer—and good food. Christmas is stuffed goose, plum pudding, roast beef, a wassail bowl, magi cakes or lebkuchen—depending on where you come from and what your inherited traditions are. Christmas is a spicy smell, filling homes from one end of Christendom to the other.

It was always so, with Christmas. This, of all times to people everywhere, is the time of seasoning—the time when the magic of cinnamon, powdered cloves, ginger, nutmeg, anise, allspice and aromatic bitters are brought to bear on the foods which will grace the festive board. And the Christmas feast is an integral part of the holiday.

In the time of the Saxons, the festive board was spread with its "bord-cloth" and the guests waited for the two specialties that marked Christmas: the peacock and the boar's head. The peacock, always borne to the table by a lady, perhaps the most beautiful of the female guests, sometimes arrived in the form of a pie, with the head of the bird protruding from one side of the crust, and its wide-spread tail from the other. More often, the bird was skinned, stuffed with herbs, and roasted. Just before it was served, the skin was put back on.

Legend has it that the boar's head was served to commemorate the brave English student who was attacked by a wild boar while he studied Aristotle in the woods. As the beast bore down upon him, the intrepid young man crammed the philosopher down the throat of the savage. Hence, the head of the boar was always served with a large apple stuffed in its mouth.

The English Christmas feast of that era ended al-

ways with a dish unknown to modern times. It was called "frumenty" and consisted of wheat boiled till the grains burst. When the mixture was cool it was strained and boiled again with broth or milk and yolks of eggs. As the years passed, more imaginative cooks added other things: raisins, prunes, mace. By 1670, some enterprising culinary artists had revised the recipe further and chopped in some suet, to produce the first plum pudding. Today, plum pudding is as traditional in American Christmas feasting as it is in England. And American cooks have further embellished the plum pudding recipes of the Old World by experimenting with flavoring agents and seasonings. They have, for instance, taken Angostura into the kitchen at holiday time to add its unique blending of spices to their puddings.

For centuries, English housewives have been reminded to start making their plum pudding by the Book of Common Prayer of the Church of England. The prayer for the last Sunday before Advent starts "Stir up—"

Mince Pie is also a decidedly British addition to the Christmas feast. As early as 1596, "shrid pye," or shredded pie, was popular. The delicacy symbolizes the gifts of the Wise Men to the Christchild, representing a compound of the choicest spices of the world. Today many Americans still make their own mincemeat, a rewarding experience in itself. An excellent recipe, using some of the oldest spices known to man, is the one that follows. It includes, too, aromatic bitters, a favorite seasoning for more than a century and a quarter, and one of the magic ingredients included in most prepared mince meats.

MINCEMEAT

- 2 pounds lean beef
- 1 pound suet
- 2 pounds seeded raisins, cut in pieces



The Angostura-Wupperman Corporation
Bringing in the Pudding Was the Climax of the American Christmas Feast in 1858, as it is in Many Homes Today.
(Woodcut from the Bettman Archive.)

- 1½ pounds currants
- 7 cups finely chopped apples
- ¼ pound citron, finely sliced
- 2 pounds brown sugar
- 2 teaspoons salt
- 1 cup molasses
- 1½ quarts cider
- ¾ cup beef stock
- 1½ teaspoons cinnamon
- 1½ teaspoons nutmeg or mace
- 1½ teaspoons cloves
- 1 teaspoon allspice
- 3 tablespoons lemon juice
- 3 tablespoons Angostura aromatic bitters

Wipe meat with cloth. Cover meat and suet with boiling water and simmer until tender, about 2 hours. Cool, and remove fat which forms on top. Drain and reserve stock. Chop meat and fat very fine and mix with apples. Combine meat and apple mixture with raisins, currants, citron, sugar, salt, molasses, Angostura, cider, beef stock, and suet. Bring slowly to boiling, stirring until sugar is dissolved, and then simmer about 2 hours, stirring occasionally. Add spices and cook 15 to 20 minutes. Stir in lemon juice. Pour at once into hot sterilized jars and seal immediately. Yield: about 4½ quarts.

THE traditional way to make mincemeat pie crust is with a cross-latticed top. This represents the hayrack of a stable, commemorating the birth of the Christchild in a lowly manger.

To the English, too, we owe the origin of the mistletoe kiss. The Druid priests of old England at Christmas time went out into the woods and cut mistletoe from the boughs. They blessed the branches and gave them to young men to carry to the homes of the people. It was the duty of the populace to accept the mistletoe and to show their appreciation for the blessing by offering alms to the young men. The mistletoe was then hung over the doorposts of the homes and it was thought that only happiness could pass under the branch.

In Scandinavia the festive "bord-cloth" becomes "smorgasbord," which literally translated means "sandwich-table." This, however, is a meager description of the untold varieties of delicacies which adorn the Christmas table of the Swedish, Norwegian and Danish people—and their descendants in this country. Here are found, in wondrous array, cold roast pork with currant jelly, veal with mustard sauce, jellied calf tongues, and radish roses, smoked whitefish with caper, pickled herring in dill sauce, anchovies, smoked salmon, pickled pigs feet, assorted fruit and vegetable molds to create color contrast, molded fish mousses, endless varieties of cheeses, brown beans cooked in molasses, meat balls, and a half dozen kinds of spiced Christmas breads. Many of the latter are baked only at the holiday season, and are as much a part of Christmas as the Christmas-dawn service, Jullotta, held in all the churches.

Christmas in Sweden is also a time for Glog, a Viking drink as old as the history of the Scandinavian countries and served to warm the bodies as well as the hearts of the celebrants. To serve 15 holiday guests make the following recipe:

GLOG

Into a large casserole put 2 ounces Angostura aromatic bitters. ¾ cup granulated sugar, 1 pint claret, 1 pint sherry, ½ pint brandy. Place over fire until piping hot. Put 1 large raisin and 1 unsalted almond in an old fashioned glass and fill glass ¾ full.

CHRISTMAS, in all countries, has always called for special decorations. The earliest were the handiest—greens from the forests. Since the season



The Angostura-Wupperman Corporation

In Germany Christmas Isn't Christmas Without Stollen. This Flavorful Adaptation for Modern American Kitchens Has as its Magic Ingredient Angostura Aromatic Bitters.

determined that these be evergreens, the "Christmas tree" that evolved was a pine or fir. The use of trinkets on the tree dates from the early Roman days when masks of Bacchus were hung on trees to impart fertility to those who gazed upon them. The United States has a National Christmas Tree, so designated by the Department of the Interior. It is 267 feet high and is located in General Grant National Park near Fresno, Calif.

To accept a bunch of edelweiss on Christmas, in Switzerland, is also to accept the man who proffered it. In Denmark, some of the bread baked at Christmas is mixed with the seed at sowing time to insure an abundant harvest. In Spain, cows are honored at Christmas time because it is believed that cattle breathed upon the Christchild to keep him warm.

In Ireland, if a person dies at Christmas Eve, the belief is that his soul automatically enters the gates of Paradise. Ireland, too, has a traditional Christmas drink, known only in that country. Called "Lambswool," it is made by bruising roasted apples and mixing the juice with ale or milk. It is served with apples and nuts and considered indispensable on Christmas Eve.

Weinachten, Holy Night, is Christmas to all in Germany. (See CHRISTMAS FACTS, Page 6)



The Angostura-Wupperman Corporation

Swedish Glog, to Warm the Body as Well as the Heart, Is a Christmas Bowl Handed Down by the Vikings to Their Descendants Both in America and Scandinavian Countries.

COMMUNIST penetration of the Federal Government now has been partially checkmated. Since January, 1953, no less than 6,925 security risks have been separated from the Federal payrolls. In the Washington area the clean-up has been more effective than elsewhere.

In Detroit, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Albany, Los Angeles, Chicago, Cleveland and Toledo, Communists still move freely in and out of our basic industrial plants. The same is true in our great atomic installations in Washington State, New Mexico, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio and Illinois.

"The House Committee on Un-American Activities recognizes the necessity of clearing the Communist infiltration from legitimate labor organizations," said a summary committee report September 3, 1954.

Public Law 637 of the 83rd Congress brings Com-

in that the only persons available to guide them and to increase their interest in the trade-union movement were members of the Communist Party. The workers were thereby made easy subjects of the Communist Party . . . Many workers during this period joined the Communist Party believing the Communist argument that only through membership in the Communist Party could one best serve the cause of labor . . . They were among the leaders in the Congress of Industrial Organizations, through their leadership in such international unions as the United Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers; the United Fur and Leather Workers; the Farm Equipment Workers; the Mine, Mill, and Smelter Workers; and the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union."

Strong elements within the American labor movement sensed this growing Communist domination of the CIO in the early stages (1936-40). But on this score the September report adds, significantly: "They also saw that without the Communists and the unions which they controlled, there would be no CIO."

During the period of the Hitler-Stalin Pact (1939-41) this Communist domination of certain labor unions enforced complete shutdowns in several major industries.

"The Communist Party program was not one of propaganda during this period, but

rather one of force," the committee report emphasized. "The Communist leaders within the trade-union movement forced actions designed solely to delay or, if possible, to destroy America's defense build-up. Their actions were climaxed in the Allis-Chalmers strike (Milwaukee), and the one at North American Aviation (Los Angeles). The production of both these plants was geared to defense . . . The North American Aviation strike was led by Communist Party members, many of whom had only recently joined the union movement.

"Shortly thereafter, Germany attacked Russia, and immediately the Communist program became one of unending sacrifices on the part of the workers for full defense production."

Few Americans have missed the profound historical significance of this factual review. The bald fact remains that America could not operate with CIO cooperation until American foreign policy came into full harmony with Moscow's aims. In other words, America was not permitted to operate industrially, save on Moscow's terms—as transmitted through the Communist-dominated CIO units.

That is the situation which must be corrected, if America's national security is to be riveted down at all four corners. We dare not risk another series of Communist sit-down strikes in our basic industries.

Soon after the end of World

COMMUNISTS ON THE RUN!

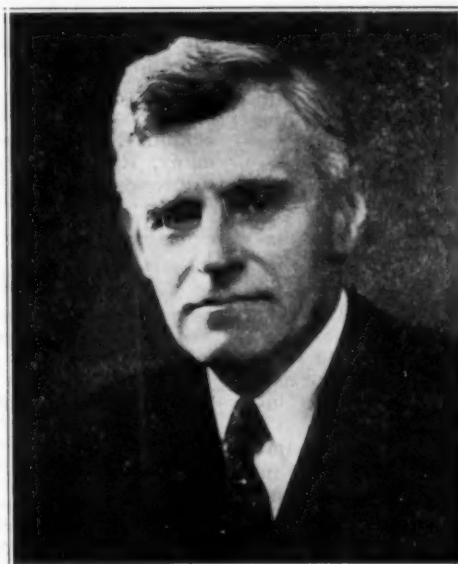
By **HON. RALPH W. GWINN**

Member of Congress From New York

munist infiltrated-labor unions within the jurisdiction of the Subversive Activities Control Board.

The weeding out of treachery, betrayal and subversion in our basic industry may now begin. It is true that the Taft-Hartley Act of 1947 denied Communists access to the facilities of the National Labor Relations Board. But the law did not set up any machinery or procedure for formal, legal determination of Communist infiltration touching a particular labor unit. This gap has now been bridged to give the SACB jurisdiction. If this Board determines an organization to be Communist-dominated, such finding automatically disqualifies that organization before the Labor Board. When a labor organization thus is determined to be Communist-dominated, it ceases at once to be an effective, operating labor organization.

"The Communist Party of the United States concentrated its major attention upon the organization of party units in basic industries," the September committee report recalls. "The rise of the American labor movement then found a Communist unit in most basic industries; therefore, the small organized units were in a position to assert themselves as the leaders of organized labor in whichever plant they were located. Workers in these plants interested in economic betterment were becoming more and more interested in the trade union movement. These workers were trapped, however,



Congressman Ralph W. Gwinn

War II, the actions of the Communists in the CIO became so blatant and aggressive that at last the moderates in that organization became aroused. As a result, several subsidiary units were ejected by the CIO, on the sole ground they were Communist-dominated.

But this program did not go very far. It only scratched the surface. Several flagrant examples remained of great national CIO affiliates completely dominated by the Communist Party line. The House Committee on Un-American Activities renewed its program of city-by-city hearings early in 1953. The highlights from those hearings are revealing indeed.

THE Committee may be abandoned in the new Congress. The Democratic leadership has indicated officially that the work of the Un-American Activities Committee will be consolidated with the regular legislative work of the Judiciary Committee. If this is accomplished early in the session, by a House roll-call, the special investigations into subversive activities will be relegated to near-oblivion.

Meanwhile, there is before the Committee at present the September, 1954, report on the Communist Party's program for "industrial concentration,"—a program formulated in 1948 calling for an intensive drive to infiltrate all existing labor organizations throughout the U. S.

"In 1948 the Communist Party began an intense study of its organization within the basic industries. This study continued over a period of nine months, and resulted in the decision that the auto industry was to be the main concentration. This undoubtedly was arrived at because the auto industry sets the pattern for industry in general, and also because of the success which the Communist Party enjoys through the successful united-front action within Ford Local 600 (Detroit), and the few other United Auto Workers' locals."

The detailed text on "industrial concentration," as applied to the auto industry is presented in the House Committee's report, beginning at page 7. The original text is addressed to Communist Party officials—"for discussion at all clubs, sections, commissions, and departments."

"Our Party in Michigan has a great responsibility to move the auto workers into struggle against their exploiters," this program begins.

"If we agree with Lenin that 'only a class like the proletariat could rally around itself all the forces discontented with capitalism,' then we must show that agreement by applying the method of industrial concentration in leading and winning the proletariat. One cannot speak seriously about replacing capitalism by Socialism unless the decisive role the working class must perform in this transition is fully grasped."

THIS is the official published program of the Communist Party in Michigan, as directed especially to the vital automobile industry.

Has the time come to abandon all formal investigations by Congress of such activities?

Apparently the Communist Party in Michigan feels that, to date, it has made more substantial progress in Ford than in General Motors. The Industrial Concentration Program continues (Report, page 9):

"It is therefore clear that we need a drastic improvement in our work in auto, in the first place in our work in GM, without in any way curtailing our work in Ford, which remains our main concentration point in Michigan's Wayne County."

From Wayne County, the program is to be expanded to a complete state-wide basis, for all of Michigan.



James B. Matles and Julius Emspak, Union Officials, Defy House Committee on Un-American Activities by Refusing to Testify Concerning Possible Red Affiliations.

For, as the Industrial Concentration Program notes at another point: "No club or group of our Party can grow and develop if its plans, perspective and activity are not constantly related to reaching, influencing and recruiting auto workers."

With this formal statement of Communist Party objectives before us, it is not difficult to understand the nature of the "new type" industrial concentration program now confronting every American industrial plant. Can the States deal with this problem individually and locally? Or does the new program for "industrial concentration" present a new national problem for the attention of Congress?

"Russia just can't compare with the United States standard of living," said Congressman Victor Wickersham, on his return from a tour of Russia in November.

"In some respects they are 50 years behind United States standards—for instance, in some of their industrial methods and with thousands of women doing heavy manual labor," continued the Congressman, in reporting his observations of conditions in the "workers' paradise," so highly touted by so many of our leftist intellectuals and labor union leaders in the CIO, the Furrier, Electrical, Longshoremen, Mining, Smelting and other such trades.

Propaganda heaped on the workers and educators of our country by the leftists, picture the conditions behind the Iron Curtain—Russia, Poland, East Germany, Rumania, Bulgaria, China and elsewhere—as a "workers' utopia."

COMPARATIVE CHART

American workmen are kings compared to the workers who slave to barely survive behind the Iron Curtain of Communist-controlled countries. To learn the true facts concerning the comparative status, living conditions, income, ownership and purchasing power of the free American worker under the free enterprise system, as compared to those enslaved workers living in the so-called "Workers' Paradise" under the planned or regimented society, obtain a copy of our current **Comparative Chart**, priced at twenty-five cents National Republic, 511 11th St., N. W. Washington 4, D. C.

THE FIRST PRAYER MADE IN CONGRESS

By **GEORGE W. GRUPP**

ALL United States coins, from the humble copper one cent to the silver dollar, have upon them a prayer: "In God We Trust." Prayer has always played a significant part in the history of our country from the time of the Pilgrim Fathers down to President Eisenhower's designation of September 22, 1954, as a National Day of Prayer.

The Pilgrims expressed thanks to God in prayer for a bountiful harvest—our first Thanksgiving Day.

When the political fortunes of the Colonies were in a precarious state it was prayer which sustained the courage and inspiration of the leaders, and others, of the American Revolution in their fight for freedom.

It was prayer which brought blessings to the United States as it struggled and groped its way on uncharted seas as a young Nation. And for those blessings the founders of our country never ceased to be grateful to God and to give thanks to Him in prayer.

In the first two sentences of the Declaration of Independence, in the first sentence of the March 1, 1781, Articles of Confederation, in the first inaugural address by President George Washington, and in the first address of the Senate as well as the first address of the House of Representatives to President Washington there are prayerful recognitions of God.

Out of their faith of "In God We Trust" the founding fathers were able to formulate enduring national bases which have carried our country through critical periods.

Today, the custom of opening each meeting of the House of Representatives and of the Senate with a prayer is a continuation of a practice established by the First Continental Congress.

On the first day of the meeting of the First Continental Congress in Carpenters' Hall, Philadelphia on September 5, 1774, the delegates presented their credentials. On the next day, September 6, the delegates formulated rules of conducting their future meetings of Congress. Toward the close of this second day Thomas Cushing of Massachusetts, with the support of Samuel Ward of Rhode Island, proposed that each meeting of Congress should be opened with a prayer by a regular chaplain.

John Jay of New York and John Rutledge of South Carolina opposed the idea because of the divided religious sentiments of the delegates since there were among them Anabaptists, Congregationalists, Episcopalians, Presbyterians, Quakers, and Roman Catholics.

The differences of opinion on the idea of opening each meeting of Congress with a prayer was squelched when Samuel Adams of Massachusetts arose and said: "I am no bigot. I can hear a prayer from any man of piety and virtue, who is at the same time a friend of this country."

A resolution was then passed which provided "That the Reverend Mr. Duche be desired to open Congress with prayers, at Carpenters' Hall, at nine o'clock." Thus the Rev. Jacob Duche, the assistant rector of the Philadelphia Episcopal Christ Church and St. Peter

became the first chaplain of an American Congress—a position which he held until October, 1777.

On the morning of September 7, 1774, after being notified of his appointment the night before by Peyton Randolph, the president of the Continental Congress, Rev. Jacob Duche with his clerk and dressed in his pontificals reported at Carpenters' Hall, where with a prayer he opened the third meeting of the First Continental Congress.

The Episcopal Church Collect for September 7, seemed to be made to order for the occasion, and especially since rumors had reached the Continental Congress that the British had cannonaded Boston. The Collect for the day was the 35th Psalm. With reverent eloquence Rev. Duche read:

"Plead my cause, O Lord, with them that strive with me: fight against them that fight against me. Take hold of shield and buckler, and stand up for mine help. Draw out also the spear, and stop the way against them that persecute me: say unto my soul, I am thy salvation. Let them be confounded and put to shame that seek after my soul: let them be turned back and brought to confusion that devise my hurt. Let them be as chaff before the wind: and let the angel of the Lord chase them. Let their way be dark and slippery: and let the angel of the Lord persecute them. For without cause they hid for me their net in a pit, which without cause they have digged for my soul.

"Let destruction come upon him at unawares; and let his net that he hath hid catch himself: into the very destruction let him fall. And my soul shall be joyful in the Lord: it shall rejoice in his salvation. All my bones shall say, Lord, who is like unto thee, which deliverest the poor from him that is too strong for him, yea, the poor and the needy from him that spoileth him?

"False witnesses did rise up; they laid to my charge things that I knew not. They rewarded me evil for good to the spoiling of my soul. But as for me, when they were sick, my clothing was sackcloth: I humbled my soul with fasting; and my prayer returned into mine own bosom. I behaved myself as though he had been my friend or brother: I bowed down heavily, as one that mourneth for his mother. But in my adversity they rejoiced, and gathered themselves together: yea, the abjects gathered themselves together against me, and I knew it not; they did tear me, and ceased not: With hypocritical mockers in feasts, they gnashed upon me with their teeth.

"Lord, how long wilt thou look on? Rescue my



The First Congress Kneels in Prayer, September, 1774, Carpenters Hall, Philadelphia, Pa.

soul from their destructions, my darling from the lions. I will give thee thanks in the great congregation: I will praise thee among much people. Let not them that are mine enemies wrongfully rejoice over me; neither let them wink with the eye that hate me without a cause. For they speak not peace: but they devise deceitful matters against them that are quiet in the land.

"Yea, they opened their mouth wide against me, and said, Aha, Aha, our eyes have seen it. This thou hast seen, O Lord; keep not silence: O Lord, not far from me. Stir up thyself, and awake to my judgment, even unto my cause, my God and my Lord.

"Judge me, O Lord my God, according to thy righteousness; and let them not rejoice over me. Let them not say in their hearts, Ah, so would we have it; let them not say, We have swallowed him up. Let them be ashamed and brought to confusion together that rejoice at mine hurt; let them be clothed with shame and dishonor that magnify themselves against me. Let them shout for joy, and be glad, that favor my righteous cause; yea, let them say continually, Let the Lord be magnified, which hath pleasure in the prosperity of his servant. And my tongue shall speak of thy righteousness and of thy praise all the day long."

AFTER this reading of the Collect Rev. Duche, unexpectedly to all, offered an extemporary prayer of supplications for God-given courage and strength for the delegates in their guidance of the Colonies to freedom. His words stirred deeply the emotion of patriotism. They touched the soul of every delegate present and lifted them to the seventh heaven for there was not one eye which was not moist with tears.

This description of the first prayer offered at the third meeting of the First Continental Congress may read like the sound of wild thunder from clashing cumulus clouds; but it is not. Here is what George Bancroft said: "When the Psalm for the day was read, Heaven itself seemed uttering its oracle."

In writing to his wife, John Adams wrote that Rev. Duche's "extemporary prayer filled the bosom of every man present. I must confess, I never heard a better



George Washington Kneels in Prayer at Valley Forge.

prayer, or one so well pronounced. Episcopalian as he is, Dr. Cooper himself never prayed with such fervor, such ardor, such earnestness, and pathos, and in the language so elegant and sublime, for America, for the Congress, for the Province of Massachusetts Bay, and especially for the town of Boston."

Samuel Ward of Rhode Island reported that the reading of the Psalm and extemporary prayer by Rev. Duche was "one of the most sublime, catholic, well adapted prayers I ever heard."

Yes, our country was born and grew up in an atmosphere of prayers to, and reverence for, God. Let us not slip from "In God We Trust." President George Washington in his first inaugural address said: "the propitious smiles of Heaven can never be expected on a nation that disregards the eternal rules of order and right which Heaven itself has ordained."

CHRISTMAS FACTS

(Continued from Page 2)

many. These people have maintained their traditions through centuries and many of their customs have been adopted throughout the world. It was the German princess of Mecklenburg who introduced the first Christmas tree to France in 1840. Before then, this decoration was not a part of the French celebration. Today, at Christmas, the streets and shop windows of large cities throughout France are bright with decorated trees. Everybody who has German ancestry or German friends—knows the typical Christmas cookies: the Lebkuchen. It takes two days to make this wondrous children's delight, but the general concession of opinion among people who have sampled Lebkuchen is that they are worth the time and effort. Stollen, also, is a German Christmas tradition. Here is a famous recipe, adapted for modern American kitchens:

STOLLEN

Basic Sweet Dough (enough for 1½ doz rolls)

- ¾ cup raisins
- ¼ cup citron, finely shredded
- ¼ cup chopped candied cherries
- ¾ cup chopped nuts

- 2 tablespoons melted butter
- 2 tablespoons Angostura aromatic bitters
- Confectioners' Sugar Icing

When Basic Sweet Dough is light, add and knead in the raisins, citron, cherries, Angostura and nuts. Shape the dough into 2 balls and allow them to rest for 10 minutes. Flatten each ball into an oval about ¾ inch thick and brush with melted butter. Fold over like large Parker House Rolls. Pinch the ends firmly together and place them on a greased baking sheet. Brush tops with melted butter and allow to rise until doubled in bulk (about 1 hour). Bake at 350° F. for 35 minutes. When cool, brush with Confectioners' Sugar Icing. Makes 2 Stollen.

THE melting-pot that is America has borrowed its Christmas customs from countries in every part of the world. And has added some that are typically our own. The Egg Nog of Christmas is as American as Mickey Mouse; the aromatic apple pie that crowns the Christmas turkey meal is not traditionally served at holiday time in any other country; the hot rum punch and old fashioned are ours alone. Here are tested recipes for some of these American Christmas dishes, recipes with a guaranteed Christmas flavor.

(See CHRISTMAS FACTS, Page 30)

GOVERNMENT BY TREATY

By IRA E. BENNETT

LIKE the breaking of a dike, a torrent is pouring into a vast and vacant region long held to be immune to inundation—the making of law by treaty. The Constitution is now being eroded by the flood. The American enlisted men in NATO countries if accused of crime are now subject to trial and punishment in courts that know nothing of the American Bill of Rights. They are the victims of their own Government, which defies the limitations imposed upon Congress and is intoxicated by the opportunity to abuse the treaty-making power.

Strange as it may seem, the Constitution of the United States imposes no limitations upon the scope of treaties, while it makes all treaties the supreme law of the land. It forbids Congress and the States to do certain things, but it does not forbid the treaty-making power to do the same things. Very few of the delegates to the Constitutional convention believed that the process of making treaties would ever be twisted into a process for making laws. One of the dissenters was George Mason, who sounded this alarm: "Why, they can sell the empire by treaty!" Patrick Henry, in Virginia, was alive to this danger, also, fearing that individual rights might be bargained away. He demanded a Bill of Rights, which was duly proposed by the First Congress and adopted by the States. The Bill of Rights became effective on December 15, 1792. Ever since that time, until recently, it has been regarded as the impregnable buttress or dike of American liberty, rising high above every possible flood.

Now it is discovered that the Constitution merely forbids Congress, and not the treaty-making power, from making any law respecting an establishment of religion, or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, etc. The Constitution does not forbid the treaty-making power from subjecting American servicemen to the jurisdiction of foreign courts and thereby depriving these men of their Constitutional rights, such as protection against conviction on hearsay evidence, double jeopardy, cruel or unusual punishment, excessive bail, self-incrimination, etc. So the treaty-making power transforms into supreme law this outrage upon the Bill of Rights.

The treaty depriving American servicemen abroad of their Constitutional rights was approved by the Senate July 15, 1953, by a vote of 72 to 15.

Undoubtedly the majority approving the treaty believed it to be "constitutional," even if it ignores the Bill of Rights. Ever since the making of the Constitution, treaties have been made which suspended execution of powers vested in the Government. Many legislators hold that the absence of limitations upon the scope of treaties is intended to permit the Government temporarily to amend the Constitution by enacting "treaty law." They say they support the Constitution, but they insist that "in the final analysis" the Government—the treaty-making power—is "sovereign," being equal in authority to any other sovereign, and therefore possessing power to make laws ignoring or overriding constitutional limitations. These legislators believe that when the United States approved

the treaty creating the United Nations it entered upon a new era in which the old-time system under the Constitution "became inadequate"; that it is now necessary to reconcile the workings of the new and old order; and that the most convenient method is to make treaties which automatically become supreme law without disturbing Congress. "Of course, this process must not be abused; the Constitution must

not be destroyed."

During the brief and superficial discussion of the treaty in the Senate there was mention of Chief Justice John Marshall and his ideas of the scope of a sovereign's authority, the binding effect of international law, etc. An ingenious legislator even ventured to suggest that John Marshall, if living, would approve the treaty. No one, however, followed up the idea that a treaty sabotaging the Bill of Rights would have been approved by the father of American jurisprudence.

Is it true that the Constitution is obsolete? Is it too narrow and rigid to meet modern conditions, in which the United States constantly cooperates with other nations in manifold activities? Is it now an absurdity to demand that treaties shall not conflict with the Constitution? Millions of citizens believe this to be the case. Additional millions are coming on who are even more "liberal." They include atheists, socialists, and reformers of all types, who are impatient with constitutional restrictions and would gladly scrap and remake the whole frame of government. If the popular movement against the Constitution should become a three-fourths majority, what then?



(Reproduced from Original Plate.)

Chief Justice John Marshall

Few voices are heard calling for a convention to frame a new Constitution. Apparently those who are content to ignore the Constitution, like the Senators who approved the Status of Forces agreement, believe they have found a way to "get around" the Constitution. The old idea that "no treaty can do what the Constitution forbids" is superseded by a treaty that supersedes the Constitutional ban on Congressional power.

Several Senators who opposed approval of the Status of Forces agreement because of its stipulation that men in service accused of crime should be amenable to the jurisdiction of the country in which they are stationed are said to be willing to submit disputed treaty questions to the States or the people, following the procedures outlined in Article V of the Constitution relating to amendments. It is suggested that if say one-half of the Senate membership would like to vote for a treaty provision, but are in doubt as to its propriety or popularity they could refer the question to legislatures or State conventions, whose verdict if approved by three-fourths of them would be at least a reliable guide to action. This procedure would require, of course, an amendment to the Constitution; but plenty of amendments have been and are now waiting to be offered, and a few fresh proposals might not choke the hopper.

HOWEVER, when the Senate undertakes to define the limits of treaty-making and the validity of international agreements as domestic law, its troubles begin. It discovers the fact that the United States Government is not a sovereign, possessing the right to transfer or diminish its powers to accommodate its relations with other nations. From the beginning it has been held that the Government is the creature of the Constitution, which enumerates its powers. Even now, when innovators are exploiting the fact that the Constitution imposes no limitation upon the scope of treaties, very few jurists hold that the Government itself is supreme in the outer spaces beyond the Constitution.

If it should appear that the Status of Forces treaty is valid, it may yet be revealed as one of the gross blunders of the Senate—valid, indeed, but one which should cause every supporter to blush at the revelation of his indifference or ignorance, and unable to defend himself when the consequences of his act begin to haunt him. He may say that he acted in harmony with the desires of all NATO governments, and upon the urgent request of the military authorities; but if American boys, draftees at that, should suffer injustice and severe punishment and then prove to be innocent, all excuses would shrivel up. The arrangement will have been demonstrated to be illogical, unworkable and contrary to American rules of justice—and those who approved it will pay the bill. Perhaps some of the eccentric features of the November election may be explained if it could be known how the families of many enlisted men voted.

THUS far the public has not protested against the treaty which mangles the Bill of Rights. The Pentagon makes "top secret" the foreign court proceedings against Americans accused of crime. The people do not know what happens to the boys. As they learn the facts they may be expected to react against injustice and cruelty. At that time the action of Senators approving of a scheme to subject accused American servicemen to 12 or 13 foreign criminal jurisdictions will become known, and they will be asked to explain and justify their action.

This is not the first time that the Senate has run



George Mason First Sounded the Alarm to the Dangers of Government by Treaty.

amuck. It ran headlong into a costly blunder in 1850 when it approved the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which vexed the relations of Britain and the United States for 50 years and prevented the construction of any transoceanic canal. In his "Century of American Diplomacy" John W. Foster remarks that the making of that treaty "has generally been regarded as the most serious diplomatic mistake in our history."

The country was alive with expansionists who rejoiced in the outcome of the Mexican War. Gold in California attracted the world. Central America was filled with ambitious speculators, mainly British and American, eager to gain a monopoly of transisthmian commerce. Americans sought a concession to build the Nicaragua canal. Britons blocked this by setting up a raggedy "Kingdom of Mosquitia" whose improvised monarch was placed under a British protectorate.

After many encounters and quarrels in Central America the British government proposed to the United States that all questions at issue be settled by treaty. It dispatched to Washington an experienced diplomat, Henry Lytton Bulwer, who seems to have been a pioneer in propaganda, coming under the heading of "public relations." He and his assistants caused rumors to be circulated in Washington that British banking interests would be only too glad to finance the building of the Nicaragua canal. This unverified rumor, together with the skill of the British minister in drawing up the treaty, seems to have been the principal agency which deceived an astonishing number of American statesmen, some of whom are still numbered as the best in our history. They were so completely drawn into the bargain that they abandoned the Monroe Doctrine, consented to giving Great Britain a veto over the building of any isthmian canal, gave her a partnership in political affairs in Central America, and agreed to pass her warships without hindrance through the canal, even if Britain and the United States should be at war.

The treaty was signed April 19, 1850, and approved by the Senate May 22, 1850, by a vote of 42 to 11, with 7 Senators not voting. Those who voted for the treaty were the following:

Badger, N. C.; Baldwin, Conn.; Bell, Tenn.; Berrien, Ga.; Butler, S. C.; Cass, Mich.; Chase, O.; Clarke,

(See GOVERNMENT BY TREATY, Page 32)

THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES

(REGISTERED TRADE MARK)

*Concerning the Activities of Movements Tending
To Undermine the Institutions of the Republic*

THE, 44-year-old Communist Party leader, Martha Stone, who went so far underground she wouldn't even sneak out when her own son was injured or to attend her own father's funeral when he died, has finally been smoked out and captured by the FBI, and now awaits trial on charges of being a member of a group which teaches and advocates the overthrow of the United States Government by force and violence. She was seized in a New York restaurant by FBI agents who had dogged her trail since she was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury last June.

Mrs. Stone for many years an active agent in the Communist vineyard in the State of New Jersey holding many prominent offices and also seeking public office as a Communist was first exposed by Walter S. Steele of the NATIONAL REPUBLIC in 1934. In 1951 when going got dangerous for the Reds she suddenly disappeared, joining the underground group. FBI Director Hoover, revealing she has since operated under several aliases, said; "So well guarded were her movements and appearances at secret party leader meetings that she did not visit her son who in early November, 1951, was struck by an automobile and hospitalized. Neither did she take leave of her underground role long enough to attend the funeral of her father, Julius Stone, who died November 1, 1951."

She was born in New York of Russian parents. She has been a member of the Communist Party since 1923, and is said to have had no known employment except as a paid party activist, during her lifetime.

Mrs. Stone was New Jersey State chairman of the Communist Party and alternate member of the national committee, she served as section organizer, county chairman and industrial organizer for the Reds in various New Jersey communities. She ran as a Communist candidate for State assemblyman in New Jersey in seven elections. She attended the 7th Internationale Congress in Moscow in 1935.

Congressional Committees on Subversives Endangered

As the Democrats figure heavily on the present situation—the control of both Houses—the leaders on the Hill are moving towards a program for the new session, and are lining up the committees which they will take over.

Controversy has arisen as to the future status of committees in the House and Senate, especially those having to do with the investigation of subversive activities and with Government operations. There are those who would do away entirely with these committees; there are others who would harness them to



United Press Photo

Martha Stone, Underground Leader of Communist Party of Newark, N. J., Missing Since 1951, Seized by FBI in New York City. First Exposed by Walter S. Steele of National Republic.

other committees, gradually destroying their effectiveness against subversivism; there are others who would make them joint committees.

Certainly the job has not been completed by any of the presently constituted committees. With the abandonment of the committees as desired by the Americans For Democratic Action, the CIO-PAC, the CIO unions, and some AFL unions, by the Communist Party, the Progressive Party, and of course by leftist politicians who hope to get back into the Government if their plan results in a change in the National Administration two years hence, the Red parade will march again.

With the records, built up over a long period, destroyed or shoved to the background where they might not be readily available, the end of the subversive issue in politics will have been accomplished.

Every effort was made to keep the issue silent in



United Press Photo

Former Swanton, Ohio, Communist Party Leader, Mabel Flicker, Testifies Edward Lamb, Radio and Newspaper Owner Spoke at Dedication of Communist Political Association in Toledo in 1944.

the recent election campaign, and Vice President Nixon, who did during the last week emphasize it, is up for issue by some Democrats for so doing. The President has been asked to silence Nixon and to force him to repent for his activities as a price of bipartisan action in the next Congress.

How much post-election influence the Americans For Democratic Action, the CIO and the CIO-PAC have over the new Senate and House Members, many of whom were financed and campaigned for by them, will be seen by moves in the new session, the program and the abandonment of the investigating committees or the turning of them to other fields of activities. This is being carefully watched and may prove to furnish the Republicans with some of the issues for the 1956 elections.

Tempers Ruffled Anew Over So-Called 'McCarthyism'

The big debate of the decade, that of the proposed censure of Senator Joseph McCarthy, Republican of Wisconsin, started on schedule November 8.

Tempers were exhibited on both sides of the issue, and on both sides of the political fence. The debate was abruptly recessed on November 10, due to an injury to Senator McCarthy, until November 29, too late for this edition of NATIONAL REPUBLIC to give the final results, although some sort of a decision is anticipated before Christmas Eve, adjournment date of the session.

As the anti-McCarthyites launched their steam-roller drive to push through censure, pro-McCarthyites pulled no punches and activities of the public steamed up throughout the land.

Patriotic Service Medal Awarded McCarthy

On the opening day of the reconvened session, the Senator was presented with the Patriotic Service Medal of the American Coalition of Patriotic Societies, representative of 98 national patriotic movements. The presentation was made to Senator McCarthy by Gardner Osborn past president and chairman of the New York Coalition, in the presence of the national board of the national organization, in the offices of Vice President Nixon.

In presenting the medal, Mr. Osborn stated:

"Senator McCarthy, it is my great privilege to present to you the Patriotic Service Medal of the American Coalition; 98 separate organizations banded together in 1928 to protect the freedoms and independence of the United States, enjoying a combined national membership of recognized leadership and influence.

"We feel qualified, also, to represent that great mass of fellow Americans, numbered in the millions, aroused by your anti-Communist crusade as we are—who feel the vital need of a fighting spokesman to uphold this issue in the United States Senate—millions who wish they could stand up and be counted on your behalf. In a few minutes the eyes of the Nation will be focused upon the proceedings in that Senate Chamber. As you enter that Senate doorway, Senator McCarthy, these millions of loyal Americans will go through behind you. You will not be alone!

"We of the American Coalition have followed your anti-Communist activities and fearless leadership at close range. Ours is not just a newspaper acquaintance with 'McCarthyism.' Our experienced anti-Communist experts are intimately acquainted with your so-called 'methods.' We consider you to have been one of the staunchest of paratroopers in this cold war.



United Press Photo

Senator Joseph McCarthy (Left) Receives Patriotic Service Medal from American Coalition of Patriotic Societies in Vice President Nixon's Office. Presentation by Gardner Osborn Past President (Right), Mrs. McCarthy (Center).

We commend your courage in the face of sniping from the rear.

"The American Coalition enjoys the counsel of eminent Constitutional lawyers who have followed the Watkins Committee hearings and analyzed its Censure Report. We do not concur with its conclusions; nor do we feel that, after due deliberation, the Senate of the United States will turn its back upon its own established traditions; or ignore the absence of Constitutional grounds for censure.

"You, Senator McCarthy, have become a prime target of Communism to be attacked and, if possible, destroyed, then it follows as night follows day, that your distinguished anti-Communist colleagues in the Congress and in the Government, will also be savagely assaulted and they too eliminated.

"We believe the issue is not whether you, as Chairman of an investigating committee, spoke harshly to an evasive witness; or whether, in the heat of argument, you spoke disparagingly of a fellow Senator. The issue is much greater than that! The issue is whether a United States Senator, duly elected and seated in this great body, shall have the courage to pursue and expose those forces which are strangling the political body of the United States.

"With you, Senator McCarthy, goes our faith in the sound judgment and sense of fair play of your fellow

(See THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES, Page 21)



United Press Photo

Underground Arsenal of Ammunition, Rifles and Machine Guns Uncovered in Cuba on Eve of Recent Elections.

NATIONAL REPUBLIC EDITORIALS

FOR—Fundamental Americanism; Constitutional Representative Government; Constructive National Policies.

AGAINST—All Subversive Movements Inimical to American Ideals, Traditions and Institutions.

CHRISTMAS!

FOR ALMOST TWO THOUSAND YEARS mankind has wistfully returned to childhood in memory and longing, hoping for peace, praying to the heavenly Father and the Prince of Peace, His son, that His will might prevail on earth as it prevails in heaven. It is a return to the innocence of childhood after bitter realization that men and nations do not know how to win peace; that a little child can lead all mankind whenever emperors, dictators, marshals and statesmen learn to be children at heart and put their trust in God.

This annual tribute to childhood innocence is the best of reassurance that Christendom will finally prevail and bring peace to the world.

Christendom is the unconquerable union within the groups of nations which are now under attack because they acknowledge and worship God. Their assailants are atheist traitors to religion who command millions of heathens and innocents, pagans, infidels, and anti-Christian fanatics. These enemies say that all peoples who worship God are to be taken over as satellites; but the "chief enemy" to be destroyed is Christendom. So long as it endures, Communism and slavery are in danger. Whatever the cost, however long the struggle, the hard core of "Christian union must be destroyed," for all conquests of minor foes will be idle effort so long as Christendom stands, strong, defiant, and resolved to protect all free peoples.

Not for a thousand years has Christendom faced such danger as it faces now. It fought in defense of Vienna against hosts of invaders, but the foes were not the forces of Antichrist—they were believers in God. Now the satanic foe dares to strike at the throne of God Himself. This foe is as stealthy as the serpent, cunning in plotting subversive pitfalls, deadly in purpose, tireless in action. The leaders of Christian and God-fearing nations were bewildered and lost much time while trying to detect enemy strategy, during which interval China was overcome, Korea forfeited, and Indo-China lost. No one knows what secret moves are afoot, nor where a fresh enemy stroke may fall, but it is believed that the forces of freedom are now capable of resisting major assaults anywhere. The cold war continues; and while it continues the free world has this advantage: It is not in turmoil, because its people are free and not slaves. The slave world, including Russia and China, is in turmoil and the monstrous Mongol conspiracy may collapse in anarchy.

Christendom has survived for two thousand years. It will live forever, under the favor of Almighty God. Therefore it is well to look to the end, and not to lose courage during the struggle—yes, and to be of good cheer, and to freshen the heart with a child's greeting—"MERRY CHRISTMAS!"

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES

WITH THE EXCEPTION OF A FEW bar-room politicians who may be interested in covering up the misdoings of the Roosevelt-Truman Administrations, it seems probable that Democrats in Congress will cooperate with Republicans in maintaining investigating committees on subversive activities. A

few Democrats may seek political advantage in trying to rearrange programs to stifle further exposures of New and Fair Deal subversives and slant them against Republicans in office, but they will have little ammunition and their attacks will be brief. A steady barrage of criticism of investigators may be expected from such perennials as Adlai Stevenson and Harry Truman, with the first-named frisking about gibing wise-cracks or hanging with prehensile tail to giddy joists in convention halls, while the gloomy oracle of Independence croaks his prophecies of doom. The show must go on, for the sake of the boys in Congress (who secretly hope that neither Adlai nor Harry will be foisted upon them in 1956).

The staffs of the investigating committees should be on the lookout against sabotage of committee-trained personnel and of valuable files, such as ruined several promising inquiries involving both corrupt and Communist conspirators in years past. Immense accumulations of data are now available to Senate and House committees covering many phases of Government operations. These files are the raw material for cases that may result in the conviction and imprisonment of criminals and Communists if proper precautions are taken and inquiries vigorously prosecuted. The offenders are both Republicans and Democrats as well as Communists—crime is non-partisan.

Experience has shown that it is not advantageous to set up joint committees of investigation, such as Senator McClellan reportedly favors. Economies obtained in staff organization are more than offset by inconveniences to busy members, who cannot keep in close touch with committee work because of other duties. Both Houses are overburdened with work; yet if efficiency is demanded, investigating committees must act with dispatch in some instances, without regard to the personal convenience of members.

As the time approaches when public officials and private citizens accused of crime must be sifted out and placed on trial there will be a heavy tax on all investigating committees of Congress, and all members, whether Democrat or Republican, will deserve public gratitude if they faithfully keep their pledge to support and defend the Constitution.

'UNITED STATES DAY'

PATRIOTIC AMERICANS have been reassured and heartened recently by two demonstrations of the commonsense and faithful devotion to the Flag on the part of the vast majority of the people. One of these demonstrations of patriotism was the widespread adoption of October 24 as United States Day, and the other was the instant and overwhelming response of "Ten Million Americans" to the suggestion that they should petition the Senate to drop the move to censure Senator McCarthy. The campaign to designate October 24 as United States Day did not get under way until August, when a national advisory committee was organized. Thanks to the energy and industry of its staff, and particularly to the ability of its executive director, Mr. Robert LeFevre, United States Day was officially observed by about 40 million individuals in

109 cities, representing about 25 per cent of the total population. The Governors of 12 States issued proclamations designating October 24 as United States Day. Interference by "one worlders" and misunderstanding of the nature of the campaign delayed the work, but when it became clear to UN zealots that United States Day was not "a conspiracy to promote world war" there was better cooperation in popular exercises, such as displaying Old Glory, parades, etc. It is now planned that the entire country shall be included in programs for observing United States Day on October 24 next, so that 160 million Americans, natives and aliens undergoing naturalization, shall join in tributes to the Flag and the American Constitutional Government. Since successful international cooperation in behalf of world peace or victory in war depends upon the integrity of the greatest Nation—the United States—citizens who cherish Americanism take heart in the proof of the adherence of the people to the ideals that give eternal life to this country.



ALGER HISS AT LARGE

LEGALLY ALGER HISS HAS PAID his debt to society and is a free man. Morally he never can pay his debt and never will be free. His name goes down in the roster of Americans who betrayed their country. It cannot be erased, whatever he or others may say. "The moving finger writes . . ."

Now, at this season when men are taught forgiveness of sinners, it would be well for Americans to be on guard against Communist propaganda directed at public reconsideration of the Hiss case, to the end that he may be looked upon as a "victim of pitiless persecution" even after his recantation (if any) of treasonable purpose in committing perjury. Efforts may be made, in short, to make him a martyr to American injustice.

The Red conspiracy to destroy the United States is quite competent to carry on a campaign to rescue Hiss from his natural predicament as an outcast. Shame and guilt are transformed into virtues by the atheist dialecticians who are exiles from morality in the Red universities where schemes of world conquest are concocted and perfected. Hiss may or may not be a party to the campaign, but it is a certainty that Moscow will not be his enemy, in view of the services he allegedly rendered and may render.



HE SABOTAGED WORLD PEACE

THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE is given a mighty impetus by the opportune death of its greatest enemy—the evil spirit known as Vishinsky. It may be that he was about to precipitate the third world war. Certainly his purpose was evil, hostile to human concord, and moving toward the murder of millions. No one can peer into the design of Providence, but to the finite mind it seems that the death of Stalin's hatchet-man warrants universal thanksgiving.

Vishinsky possessed strong intellectual power which he devoted to lifelong service as the devil's advocate. No one in this era equaled him in transforming good into evil. He drafted the Soviet constitution, a fair-spoken document intended to deceive and betray millions to their doom, and he was author of the Soviet "judicial system" which enabled Stalin and his co-murderers to execute not less than 36,000 victims within a few weeks, after inhuman mental and physical tor-

ture, all under color of "law." Vishinsky gave life to the dreaded secret police system, which not only keeps up the slave supply but exercises "judicial" powers, posing as a court, but also acting as spies, agitators, propagandists, prosecutors, and executioners, with authority to recapture, retry, and send to slavery or death any victim it may select. Vishinsky helped to clothe the cold-blooded Beria with this satanic power, and in due time he helped Malenkov to destroy Beria with the same weapon.

The council of the United Nations was transformed by this evil genius into an agency to sabotage world peace and to expedite Soviet plans for universal war. As a fomentor of hate, discord and hostility, Vishinsky was indefatigable and infinitely resourceful. He labored constantly for the admission of Red China into the United Nations—and he made good headway for that cause within the United States Government itself. With Red China in control of Asia, and with Molotov active in spreading dissension in Europe, the time was approaching when the Soviet Union could choose peace or war and be sure of success. Vishinsky worked hard to divide and bewilder the American people—indeed, he may have been in charge of the Red conspiracy that spearheads the movement to destroy Senator McCarthy.

Vishinsky goes to the accounting required by Divine Justice. The world can temporarily breathe more easily with his departure, but there's no doubt Moscow has an able substitute who will carry on its intrigues through the United Nations.



SPLIT NINE WAYS

DEMOCRATS WHO ARE ABOUT to recover rich chairmanships in Congress are as prodigal with predictions of triumph for their party next year as were Republicans in 1953 who exulted after 20 years in exile. Neither side had any basis for extravagant predictions, and there is no such basis now. The program for domestic legislation as outlined by former Speaker Rayburn is lighted by rainbows and draped with blushing roses. He speaks of a pay raise that will cancel President Eisenhower's veto of the GOP bill. Everybody is to get a serving of gravy, even Members of Congress. Farmers are to get a solid diet of fixed parity payments instead of that flexible-now-you-see-it-now-you-don't soup, concocted by Ezra Benson. Labor? Something handsome will come their way, but don't say anything just yet. Taxes? The GOP tax revision act will be ripped apart and "poor people" will get juicy handouts "at the expense of the so-called rich."

This program may live long enough to be nicknamed "Sam Rayburn's pipedream," but not much longer. It faces death, not so much because of public opposition, but because of party and intra-party splits which, like gigantic razor-edged wheels, tear to shreds the toughest steers in Chicago packinghouses. Northern and Southern Democrats are split, not only over foreign policy, but even more so over domestic legislation, and are ready to split over presidential candidates. Western and Eastern Republicans are split also, not merely over McCarthy and home policies, but over foreign policy as well. They may also split over presidential candidates.

So the two big parties are split as between themselves, and split again inside themselves over candidates and both foreign and domestic policies. Neither party can trample over the other in the incoming Congress. It is a nine-way split in which passions will boil and politics run riot, but very few individuals will be seriously injured—and a good time may be had by all.

HOW TO SPOT COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA

By REV. CLAUDE BUNZEL

THE Communist Party is amazingly frank in its own theoretical literature. This frankness extends to virtually all phases and factors of the Communist conspiracy: militant atheism, dialectical and historical materialism, abolition of (bourgeois) private property, use of illegal as well as legal means, violent revolution, ruthless dictatorship, etc.

It should be obvious to everyone that the Communist Party devises its own propaganda, based upon its own theory, as demanded by the conditions the Party faces in this or that country. This means that anyone can identify Communist propaganda (at least in its major thrusts), simply by drawing a parallel between Party and non-Party literature whenever both contain the same "line."

And this identification by parallelism is bound to be a *valid identification*—regardless of whether the person or group voicing the particular item of propaganda does so knowingly or unknowingly.

Ever since Georgi Dimitroff's speeches on "The United Front Against Fascism," delivered at the Seventh World Congress of the Communist International July 25-August 20, 1935, the use of the institution of the church for propaganda purposes has been a "major policy" of the Communist Party. This article, therefore, will be an attempt to show how to identify Communist propaganda by drawing a parallel between passages from known Communist publications and in some church publications.

Admittedly this is "risky business." People misunderstand. Some people draw unwarranted conclusions. People imagine that the churches are being attacked wholesale. People read into words all kinds of fantastic ideas that never so much as entered the mind of the writer. Hence the writer says: this article is an attempt to identify Communist *propaganda*, not Communists. It carries with it no inference, but rather states flatly that *some* church publications do contain some material that serves to advance the cause of Communism. To others is left the task of finding out who and why.

Christian Action is a quarterly of "graded lessons for older youth" published in Nashville, Tenn., by the Editorial Division of the General Board of Education of The Methodist Church. The quarterly for January-February-March, 1954, has for its over-all theme, "Christian Youth in the New Age."

The 13 lessons of this particular quarterly were written by Ernest Lefever, "associate executive director of the Department of International Justice and Goodwill, National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A." Lesson ten is entitled "America's New Role in the World" (pages 33-36 of the quarterly). This lesson's opening paragraph is:

"In the past turbulent decade the United States has been thrust into a position of world leadership. In the Nineteenth Century we were relatively isolated from the world and even from Europe. After World

War I, we attempted to retreat into the 'spendid isolation' of bygone days. Then came Pearl Harbor. We emerged from World War II not only an undisputed 'great power' but as a *super-power*, a giant *along with the Soviet Union*. Today there are *two giants* in one world."

Then follows a progressive development of this idea, first linking Moscow and Washington together as equal powers, then hinting that "Russian

imperialism" may be partly our fault:

"In a very real sense the fate of nations depends upon what the U.S.S.R. and the U.S.A. do with their tremendous power. The world shakes when Moscow and Washington throw their weight around . . .

"Political scientists refer to the U.S.S.R. as an 'unsatisfied power' and to the U.S.A. as a 'satisfied power.' It is usually the unsatisfied powers that rock the boat. Having said this, however, we need to be aware lest we become *smugly complacent about our own righteousness as a Nation* and seek to fix all the blame for the world's problems upon Russian imperialism. After all, *sin is a real fact in American life!*"

Mr. Lefever himself may not in any sense have realized it, but when he wrote, "Today there are two giants in one world," he was paraphrasing the Communist Party line. Before identifying this as Communist propaganda, it is necessary to say that the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. are "two giants in one world." But why—and with what results? Here is where the propaganda arises! Thus, when one reads this *together with* other things the Communist Party is known to advocate or oppose, it certainly raises a question in the minds of those familiar with the field.

Even a rapid reading of other lessons in this quar-



Putting Up A Good Front.

terly will reveal what is meant: "We are living in a world . . . where men in the name of patriotism impose thought control" (p. 6); "In their zeal for ferreting out subversives some of our Congressmen have confused differences of opinion with disloyalty" (p. 7); "Not all sacred cows are in Calcutta . . . Today 'Americanism' is a popular sacred cow" (p. 15); etc., etc., etc.

THE opening sentence of the *Manifesto of the Communist Party* is: "The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles." Further down the same page, Marx and Engels wrote: "Society as a whole is more and more splitting up into two great hostile camps, into two great classes directly facing each other—bourgeoisie and proletariat."

Now consider this passage from the 1953 Report of the Subversive Activities Control Board, the case of "Herbert Brownell, Jr., Attorney General of the United States vs. Communist Party of the United States of America."

"A pattern throughout the world Communist movement for teaching, advocating, and agitating for the overthrow of 'imperialist' governments exists in the concept or slogan that the world is divided into two hostile camps, one led by the Soviet Union and the other by the United States. As previously herein set forth, Lenin, Stalin, and the Communist International, in interpreting and adapting to the world Communist movement the writings of Marx and Engels, took the original concept that society is divided between the bourgeoisie and proletariat, and developed it into the doctrine or slogan that the world is divided into two hostile camps—the camp of the imperialist states and the camp of the dictatorship of the proletariat in the U.S.S.R." (Senate Document No. 41, 83rd Congress, 1st Session, p. 48 of Report.) (Italics supplied.)

Then Mr. Brownell proceeded to quote from these sources to establish his claim: *Programme of The Communist International* (1929); *Pravda* (official Soviet newspaper); and *For a Lasting Peace, for a People's Democracy* (described on the masthead as "Bucharest Organ of the Communist and Worker's Parties"). These sources cover 1929, 1947, 1949, and 1950.

One of Molotov's speeches, printed in *Pravda* for March 11, 1950, is one of these sources which Attorney General Brownell quoted: "... The democratic camp, which unites the U.S.S.R. and the countries of the people's democracy, is opposed by the camp of the imperialist powers, headed by the ruling circles of the United States of America" (p. 6 of *Pravda*, p. 49 of Report).

IT IS possible, however, to go back at least to 1922 for the same "line." For example, in Joseph Stalin's *Marxism and the National Question*, Stalin's "Report to the Tenth All-Russian Congress of Soviets, December 26, 1922," contains these lines:

"Since the time the Soviet republics were formed the states of the world have split into two camps: the camps of socialism and the camp of capitalism. In the camp of capitalism we have imperialist war, national enmity, oppression, colonial slavery, and chauvinism. In the camp of the Soviets, the camp of socialism, on the contrary, we have mutual confidence, national equality, and the peaceful co-existence and fraternal collaboration of peoples" (pp. 124, 125).

(Note how old the idea of "peaceful co-existence" really is: 1922. After decades of softening, disarming propaganda, even some in the "West" who imagine themselves to be anti-Communist are now calling for "peaceful co-existence" with the U.S.S.R.)

Page 187 of the same book (Stalin's *Marxism and*

the National Question) gives a list of nine different "theses" with respect to "The Liberation Movement of the Oppressed Peoples and the Proletarian Revolution." The first of the nine "theses" begins: "The world is divided into two camps." This was in April of 1924!

Another church publication that pushes this propaganda idea is *Two Giants and One World* by A. William Loos. It was "published for The Church Peace Union by Friendship Press" in 1948, with the collaboration of Henry A. Atkinson, Carl Hermann Voss, and John R. Inman. It is subtitled "A Discussion of Soviet-American Relations."

Page after page of this 96-page book contains veiled praise of Russia long side of subtle criticism of America. One example is this paragraph on page 54:

"Russia in her over-all attitude toward colonial and semi-colonial peoples has encouraged their aspiration for freedom and independence. Her point of view is interpreted by colored peoples as less discriminatory, racially speaking, than that often held by the Western white peoples. In this respect Russia often appears to be more "democratic" than the United States. The Soviet attitude may also be due in part to the fact that Russia has no colonies, whereas the Western nations, with which the United States has become identified, continue in many instances to cling to their colonial possessions and policies." (Italics supplied.)

STILL another church publication which echoes this phase of Communist propaganda is *Friends Face Their Third Century*, a Report of "The Third World Conference of Friends held at Oxford, England, 28th July-6th August, 1952." One section of this Report is headed, "The East-West Conflict?"

Typical passages from this section include repeated attempts to blame the "West" for what is wrong in the "East"—while at the same time commending the "East" and condemning the "West."

"Communism has a message of social justice and racial equality, an ability to inspire in its adherents a sense of commitment and collective purpose, and a philosophy pointing always to action. Here is a standing challenge to a Western, allegedly Christian world which has not yet shown sufficient will to achieve the

(See COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA, Page 32)

THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER

Pilgrim, of whatever race,
Welcome to this quiet place;
Muse on Love a little space.
I was lost in No Man's Land,
I awoke at God's right hand,
As good Paul Apostle saith,
Victory hath swallowed Death.
Love 'twixt Motherland and me
Conquered Death and set me free.
Death is strong, but Love is stronger;
Time is long, but Love is longer;
They hold fast, but God holds faster;
They are slaves, and God is Master.
Motherland! rejoice with me,
Thou hast immortality.
While grass grows and water runs
Thou shalt never lack for sons,
Giving back to thee thy blood
To become the sons of God:
Love that won while time had sway
In eternity doth stay.

AFTER many years of determined effort by leading Hoosiers, Indiana now provides the Nation with the realization of a Great Dream come true at Old Vincennes, "down along the Wabash." There, a few weeks ago, the State Conservation Department was given charge of the new Lincoln-Free Press Memorial on the 150th anniversary of the free press in Indiana.

This new Lincoln-Free Press Shrine may well become the most characteristic and popular of the many shrines scattered over the land. It is a re-creation of Indiana's pioneer newspaper plant, opened July, 1804, by Editor Elihu Stout, who published the *Indiana Gazette*, later known as the *Western Sun* and the *General Advertiser*.

And because young Abe Lincoln "helped" Stout pull proofs there briefly while his father got two covered wagons and four span of oxen ready for a 200-mile trek north into Illinois, and because Abe never ceased

bert T. Reid of New York City, reveals Lincoln's long shanks, high boots, frayed brown overcoat, and red winter's scarf, bare-headed, "studying" the blue-jeaned editor-printer Elihu Stout, the "proofs" and the printing press, turning out a newspaper which could speak to 1,000 people all in one day without drawing a long breath.

Undoubtedly, after his many years of reading this paper aloud at Jones' store in Gentryville to assembled villagers, and after noting the "simple" components of the newspaper press, Lincoln surely resolved inwardly to think and read and write so as to utilize this new "tool" in his career.

This eye-catching, youth-inspiring oil painting instantly attracts tourists and devotees, for it explains much that has always mystified American readers.

The late George B. Lockwood of Muncie, Ind., the founder and lifelong publisher of the NATIONAL REPUBLIC magazine, must take a measure of credit for

THE LINCOLN-FREE PRESS MEMORIAL

By THOMAS BROWN

reading and writing for the newspapers thereafter, this new memorial becomes a real inspiration for American youth.

Everything in the shrine is genuinely colonial, or a precise duplicate. Visitors may now "see" and "feel" things exactly as Lincoln did on March 6, 1830, during his several days' stay.

Those were days when Indians were murdering settlers roundabout; when new "settlements" along the Ohio, the Mississippi and Illinois rivers were starting; when controls in Europe and the 13 Eastern States were cast off, and Midwest "civilization" commenced.

Celebrating this 150th anniversary (sesquicentennial) early next year and collaborating in the \$25,000 budget cost, will be the *Vincennes Sun-Commercial*, the descendant of the Stout papers, (a fine paper now owned by Eugene C. Pulliam), and scores of other newspapers, the city, the county and the State agencies.

State lands were broken in last March. The building with equipment was opened to visitors August 1. A formal dedication (after completion) will come early next year as monies are available and it is hoped that President Eisenhower will attend the important event. But today, the avid American public, keenly attracted, is flocking there by thousands, many coming many miles to this new shrine of patriotism and our Free Press.

Besides a replica of the original Ramage press, and old-font type and ink-pad, the most outstanding feature here is a large fine oil painting which shows the boyish Lincoln, shyly studying the scene, preparatory to the work of "pulling proofs" as he is reported to have done while his father and the village smithy worked on the wagons.

Lincoln, in March, 1830, had just reached his 21st birthday and was debating with the family what trade or profession or work he would take up, as he made ready to leave the family circle and go on his own.

This fine oil by the World's Fair prize winner, Al-

this, because of this recital of "The Meeting of Two Great Emancipators" at a newspapermen's gathering in Washington, D. C., (Lincoln who freed the slaves, and the printing press which freed the mind). It was through this that Artist Reid "caught fire" with the brilliant idea, and sat up all night making a crayon sketch of this scene, which Lockwood next day made into a cover for the NATIONAL REPUBLIC, issue of May, 1921.

And it was the expansion of this cover into an oil painting that prompted Philadelphia's merchant John Wanamaker later to "search the land" for a duplicate of that pioneer Ramage press and give it to the Vincennes shrine.

In order to expand the cover into an oil painting, Artist Reid started the long job with exactness in seeking all pioneer details. He completed it back in 1947.

And now, at last, Indiana State has the combination of a replica of the newspaper shop with its Adam Ramage Press (complete with gooseneck lever and tympan and type), and the Reid oil painting, entitled "The Meeting of Two Great Emancipators."

Lincoln and the American publishing or newspaper business really grew up simultaneously. Both came



The Old Elihu Stout Print Shop as Now Restored in Vincennes.

into adult strength and power and prestige about the same time. Both were dealing with "facts" and "news" and "editorial opinion," and in those days editors as well as Lincoln were crusaders for great causes.

Both observed America closely and analytically. Both had to "handle" public opinion and public events constantly. Both had the friendly and democratic approach to every citizen. Both had to form "judgments" and help to make important "policy"—both political and economic.

No agency did so much to put Lincoln in the White House as did the "free press," especially those then operating on the free soils of Indiana and Illinois. No public figure of those years knew so well as Lincoln how to utilize The Press as an institution. Lincoln even bought a small newspaper of his own.

THE Ninian Edwards family, father and son alike, who owned five or six Illinois newspapers, were ever conscious of Lincoln's rare public ability. They collaborated always, and Lincoln first met and courted and later married his wife in the Edwards home, for she was sister to young Mrs. Edwards.

The *Sangamon Journal* was Lincoln's most intimate ally, from the start, and other Illinois Whig and Republican sheets soon followed. Thus Lincoln gained the prestige and power that enabled him to "take away" the State Capital from Vandalia, down south, and give it to Springfield, where realty values instantly quintupled, and a tidal wave of "settlements" set in.

Many friends quoted Abe in that first year at New Salem Village as saying: "I wanted to be Postmaster, so I could read all the newspapers that came in from Vincennes, St. Louis, Cincinnati and New Orleans. That was the best pay I could get.

Eventually, politicians referred to him as "controlling the columns of the press," with his pungent comment, cogent arguments and policies, and always readable "copy."

The great Horace Greeley, owner of the *New York Tribune*, became chummy with Lincoln, as they jointly planned leading policies for the Whigs and later for Republican campaigns. Greeley picked his famous words: "Go West, Young Man, Go West," out of Lincoln's own mouth, and visited him in Springfield often when crossing the country.

When Lincoln was to make his now-famous Cooper Union speech in New York City, before the intelligentsia there, he submitted his manuscript to Medill McCormick and Dr. Day, publisher and editor of the *Chicago Tribune*, "for corrections and emendations."

The two worthies confessed that they both sat up all night "studying and working over that speech," for their prospective Presidential candidate.

Later they laughed to find that "Abe" hadn't used a single "change or correction" they had offered. He seemed to "know best of all," as Greeley later admitted when President Lincoln was "correcting" him in his thinking and editorializing.

Lincoln-Free Press Memorial Association

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The above named deserve the direct credit for carrying the project through to completion.

After Lincoln had left home, starting out on his own, his steady flow of reading-thinking-writing never stopped until the day of his death. He wrote good legitimate poetry (mostly humorous) in his teens. He was always writing editorials, political essays and arguments, through adult years.

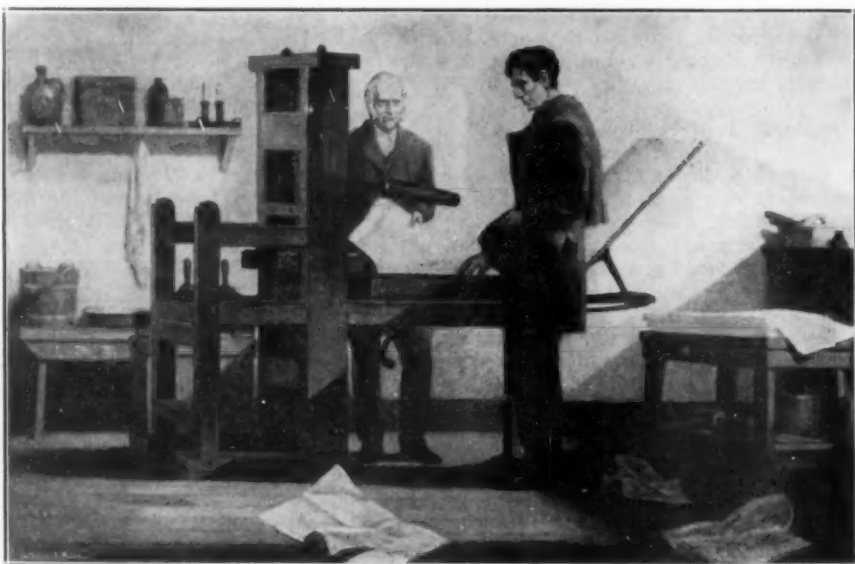
In the Presidency's troubled wartime, he spent more time in the Telegraph Office, at the War Department, than anywhere else. He was ever helpful, kindly, co-operative with newspapermen, photographers and correspondents. His Gettysburg Speech is still considered a model of English at Oxford University.

And of course the whole United States had a hearty belly-laugh over the near-duel "with cavalry sabers at 12 feet distance" in which Lincoln got "messed up" with the warlike General James Shields, then State Auditor, when Lincoln and Mary Todd were writing scathing accusations and satires in the press.

Shields "challenged," as he had a good right to do. Lincoln, having the choice, fixed the weapons as cavalry sabers; the place, Missouri soil, to avoid criminal Illinois charges; and the distance 12 feet apart, so that Lincoln's long arms and supple body would have advantage over pudgy Shields.

As to Elihu Stout, the pioneer in Midwest news-

(See FREE PRESS MEMORIAL, Page 31)



The Meeting of Two Great Emancipators—From a Painting by Albert T. Reid.

PERHAPS it seems somewhat late to inquire into the meaning of a word that has rolled off almost every tongue in the land and has appeared multi-millions of times in print. But because it is late and because the word has been tossed about indiscriminately, it is appropriate to ask, "What is a Communist?"

Many people, apparently, could not recognize a genuine Red unless the hammer and sickle were branded on his forehead. Therefore, before leaping to the conclusion that a discussion of this question is a ridiculous waste of time, let us pause and consider what we would reply if some one were to ask us to define a Communist or Communism. Do we associate something definite with the term? Or is it merely a word

CAN YOU RECOGNIZE A COMMUNIST?

By GEORGE N. KRAMER, Ph.D.

like "horsefeathers" or "thingamajinks," words entirely devoid of objective reality or meaning?

A Communist is admittedly something real. If he were not real, he would not constitute a danger. It would seem quite stupid to condemn something without knowing what it is, and it would be equally dangerous to wage war upon a common enemy who is variously identified by those engaged in fighting him. Until all are agreed on what it is they are fighting, it were better not to fight at all, because in so doing, they might be slaying each other. And this, too frequently, is precisely what is taking place today.

Formulating an answer or definition is not easy. First, it is exceedingly difficult to express a brief, workable definition which incorporates all essential features of Communism. Secondly, confusion arises out of the diverse meanings of official statements. And finally, recent controversial Congressional investigations, which employ a legal concept and cause many a witness to slide behind the protective Fifth Amendment, have resulted in widespread belief that one is a Communist only if proved to be a Party member. The concept, in other words, is assumed to be restricted to membership in what is presumably a political association known as the Communist Party.

Formerly, when members still carried cards, they were legally identified as Communists. However, card or no card, they belong to an organization that openly espouses the principles and programs of Communism. The further query then emerges, What is Communism?

Here, again, confusion exists, because Communism has become all things to all men. It has taken on such varied meanings that one is reminded of the three blind men who gave their individual impressions of an elephant, after each had passed his hand over only one part of the animal, respectively, the head, a leg, and the tail. So it is that the over-all view of Communism ranges from oppressive totalitarianism to pure, unadulterated democracy.

One must look for tangible evidence, or identifying marks, which are common to all Reds. One can see

a Communist, but one cannot see Communism, just as one can see a dog or a horse, but one cannot see "dogness" or "horseness." How, then, does he conclude that this animal is a dog or a horse? His intellect has the capacity of summarizing all the attributes that constitute a dog or a horse, and recognizing each animal for what it is, despite differences of color, size, or other accidentals.

One cannot recognize a Communist by merely looking at him. He may be tall or short, dark or light, strong or weak, and even rich or poor. We can only recognize him as a member of the human race. He looks and acts very much like other human beings. He eats, he drives an automobile, he goes to the theatre, he smiles, and he plays with his children. Facial characteristics reveal no clues to his attitude toward Communism, because his thinking cannot be seen.

When a man professes Communism or tangible evidence is produced, it is regarded as definite proof that he is a Communist. And yet, he might neither profess his affiliation nor have official credentials, but still be one hundred per cent Red. Were externals the complete and exclusive identifications of a Communist, there would be little to fear, because percentage-wise Party members and publicly-professed Communists are few. But we are not dealing with tangibles; we are concerned with ideas.

Nobody has ever seen a picture of Communism. Precisely what is the stuff out of which it is made? What are its identifying marks? It has no substance; it cannot be tasted, heard, or touched. It can be known only through the intellect, and it can be perceived only through its effects by man upon man. Communism is a system of ideas, a method of thinking, an ideology, and can only be reflected as a philosophy of life.

Anyone who accepts this general philosophy is obviously a Communist. He might not be a total Communist, but only one to the extent that he harbors and accepts certain of its principles. More accurately stated, he is a Communist only if he accepts the complete tightly-woven philosophy, and merely Communistic or Communistically-inclined, if he approves of



Is This a School Teacher, a Secretary or a Communist?

only certain tenets. The importance of making this distinction is that anyone accepting *some* of the fundamental teachings of Communism is likely to be drawn favorably towards all the others, so that ultimately he becomes a total Communist. In practice, this becomes painfully clear when distinguishing a "fronter" from a real member.

The only way a Communist reveals his identification with this peculiar philosophy of life is through speech and actions. He may formally subscribe to the Communist creed in its entirety, even though he might not fully understand it. Actually furthering the creed by expounding, defending, or advocating it, is an open profession. Holding a position in the organization, being a part of the apparatus, or soliciting others to join, manifestly marks him a Red.

Now, supposing he does none of these things, but privately and passively he practices a philosophy of life that conforms to that which is officially held by organized groups, would he then be a Communist? If in no manner he became affiliated, but as an individual if he did what he could to further the cause or opposed anti-Communists, would he still be a Communist?

The logical answer is an emphatic Yes. Obviously, if he accepted Communist philosophy, he would be certain to reflect it in his daily life, whether in the college classroom or in the workshop. What makes this painfully disconcerting and increases the problem of labeling such persons is that frequently they deny that they are Communists, and sometimes they even believe it themselves.

ASK any 100 people to give their definitions or descriptions of Communism, and in all likelihood, 100 different answers will result. One will say that it is exclusively an economic system; a second will declare that it consists of a proposal to divide equally all material goods, while a third will hold that it provides for the sharing of wealth in accordance with the amount of work done by each individual, and so on. Some will dismiss it simply as the economic system as practiced in Russia today, limiting it exclusively to Russia, whereas on the opposite extreme others will deny that it is basically an economic system at all. As such, all these answers are incorrect.

Here and there, the view will be expressed that Communism is basically atheism, and that all other things are secondary; frequently, it is said to be a political system, having as its ultimate goal world dictatorship; and now and again, reference to it will be made of state capitalism. It has been classed as utopianism, as the theory of a classless society, as Machievellian trickery, as militarism, as imperialism. Like the three blind men examining an elephant, each of those giving one of these answers has hold of a partial truth, but not of the whole truth.

Many times a negative answer is given, by enumerating some of the things to which Communism is opposed, or by pointing out what is not Communism. One can scarcely obtain a clear notion of what a thing is by only considering what it is not. Besides, Communism is something positive, with positive principles and programs.

Finally, there are those who say that Communism is not communism at all. In a certain sense, this is correct, depending upon the meaning given to the term. But to become involved in the problem of semantics is to serve no useful purpose in this discussion. The word, unfortunately, has come into general usage without being analyzed, and Communists have welcomed its acceptance, if, indeed, they might not have been responsible, in the first place, for having promoted its use. It will be recalled that not many years ago,



Would You Be Able to Identify This Minister as a Communist?

it was called Bolshevism. Then, imperceptibly, it began to be used synonymously with Communism, spelled with a capital "C," but implying beneficial values of sharing things in common.

If a synonym might be employed, the nearest comparable term would be Marxism. This, more precisely than any other term, brings out the inherent qualities of the system, as historically and philosophically formulated by Karl Marx, from 1847 to 1883. Although somewhat clarified and elaborated by his successors, Marxism is essentially the same today as it was when Marx transmitted it to his proteges and disciples. Numerous different tactics have been proposed and tried in order to befuddle the peoples of the world, and different tempos have been used, but the basic concepts have not changed. Those who contend otherwise either do not understand modern Communism, or else they wish to divert attention from earlier criticisms by endeavoring to make it appear that it has been changed for the better.

TO understand Marxism is by no means easy, because to comprehend any philosophical system requires serious thought and study; secondly, Marxism has many aspects; thirdly, it is sometimes difficult to distinguish principles from constantly-shifting policies, methods, and propaganda. It would patently be oversimplification merely to state that Marxism is exclusively economic, or political, or social, or atheistic, or international, or materialistic. It is all these things in varying and involved degrees, but exclusively none of them.

It is inconceivable that errors and fallacies of so-called Communism, the product of a lifetime of concentrated study, could be refuted within the limits of a single article, or even of several articles. However, the point can and should be emphasized that Marxism is a complete philosophy, and that if it is to be refuted, it must be refuted on the philosophical plane. It cannot, as some people think, be completely ignored; or, on the other hand, be destroyed by force of arms. Nobody in the history of mankind was ever able to kill an idea by shooting it to death. One can kill Communists, but one cannot bomb Communism.

The intelligentsia within the Party and those responsible for its strategy know full well that a digest of Marxian philosophy would probably not be read by many; or if read, it might not be understood. Therefore, the policy has been to emphasize only those points which all people are capable of understanding and

(See CAN YOU RECOGNIZE A COMMUNIST, Page 30)

OUR FISSIONABLE NATIONALITY

By LT. LEWIS S. DRILL

IT APPEARS from news reports which follow every well publicized H-bomb test that one of the more lingering effects of the explosion is a wave of the jitters sweeping through world populations with a velocity proportionate to the differing speeds of communications.

While the intensity of this wave is in considerable doubt due to the questionable accuracy of the measuring media, the world's press, it can be assumed that the endless columns of news and pundit comment on atomic energy since 1945 have at least given the people of the free world some idea of the general characteristics and terminology of nuclear reaction. This familiarity with the subject of atomic energy may be useful to us in the field much closer to our daily lives.

Since natural law operates in similar ways throughout the various materials of the universe, it is not considered fantastic to examine the conquest of nations by Kremlin strategists in terms and concepts popularized by the fascinating publicity descriptive of nuclear fission.

In fact, employment of such concepts and terminology may clarify for our understanding a deadly process now at work among us, a process well hidden behind our unsuspecting ignorance and beneath the scum of prejudice which arises from the sad fact that calling a spade by its right name subjects the offender to collateral attack against "crudeness of method."

In some political laboratory, or perhaps in several such laboratories hidden throughout the world, it has been discovered, and the profound secret has been well kept, that nationality, as such, is fissionable. Reasoning from this fact, the conclusion is inescapable that the best way to conquer the world would not be with hordes of goose-stepping soldiers, although these may be adjunctive, but rather by a process of picking nations off one at a time after scientifically separating their people from the pull of their national heritage. Cut loose from their roots, so to speak, they would float free and could easily be attracted to whatever dynamic set of ideas was proffered them. By this method of conquest, disintegration of the traditions, ideals, morals, faith, and common beliefs of a nation would leave its people helpless before an enemy who was determined to possess its wealth and labor supply. Corollary to this is the principle that armed invasion of a nation tends to increase the strength of nationality as a moral force and thus makes more difficult and less permanent the intended conquest.

While the now jittery free world was laughing its head off over the antics of the Reds in Russia during their early post-revolutionary days, Kremlin planners were putting to scientific test and development the methods of blowing intangible nationality itself to smithereens.

The method perfected, still a deep secret to American intelligence, appears to consist of a two-stage injection into the materials which comprise the matrix of nationality; the beliefs, ideas, customs, faith, and

morals which, commonly accepted, are the cohesive of any nation or unit of people.

The first phase of this method is to bombard the people of target nations with streams of negative ideas about themselves and their heritage. When properly performed, the techniques of this phase will disintegrate, at a slowly accelerating tempo, the moral fiber and the complex of traditions which form the substance of any given nationality.

The first injections, of course, are prepared to be attractive to those elements in the population which are confused, impoverished, or embittered by operation of the laws of change and human nature at work in every society. These already unstable elements respond quickly to the treatment, and from their agitation pressures arise which become increasingly disruptive to the thoughtless complacency which heretofore was considered to be as good an attitude as any for maintaining a satisfactory status quo.

Now, after a varying interval of time during which the carefully prepared stream of fear, folly, and faithlessness has thoroughly penetrated the mass mind of the target nation, intensified symptoms of disintegration begin to appear in the daily life of the people. Manifestations of doubt, uncertainty, moral confusion, social bitterness, economic disunity, and other reactions are studied intently by the new masterminds of conquest to ascertain when the time is ripe for launching phase two of the secret process.

As soon as indications of national deterioration reach the point of creating considerable public concern and a rising demand for remedies, the time has come for blasting into the target masses an additional stream of ideas highly charged with glowing visions of a "New Order." These are again absorbed first by the weakest and most unstable social elements of the nation under attack.

By some mysterious law of human nature, the fission produced by the injection into areas of instability forms them into dynamic centers of revolution-



Without Effort It Grows Tarnished.

ary agitation which in turn emit streams of hot protagonists advocating immediate radical change in the national order. These centers, it has been found, will form in the most unexpected places; in social, artistic, or academic areas as well as in the industrial vitals of the country undergoing corruption. From these centers revolutionary emissaries circulate on ever extending orbits through what was once the strong and stable components of society, components now become highly fissionable from effects of the original negative bombardment. Thus, continuous injection of the two disruptive streams of ideological energy causes a gradual rise in abnormal public instability.

As a result the people's powers of logical discrimination and cool reason melt away; isolated persons or groups of people still remaining unaffected by the treatment are rejected or dissolved; the old positive values become demagnetized, and finally all restraining influences become proportionately impotent, and the entire inflamed, trembling, abandoned human mass, in a frenzy of crisis, is ready to break entirely apart from its past forms, and rapidly approaches the critical emotional temperatures for civil war or anarchy. As the critical moment of final internal explosion nears (indicated in some cases by rioting, machinegun fire and battling at the barricades), the seething, agitated population is suddenly confronted by a trained group of its own nationals, coming forward as a "Peoples' Emergency Government."

THE behavior of this essential group may vary in details, but study of several late national disappearances behind the Iron Curtain reveals a similarity of pattern indicative in turn of a master plan.

Promises to restore stability and redress grievances in accord with "the People's desire for a new order" receive impassioned public approval, and thereupon, this group "by popular mandate" is permitted to seize the portfolios of office. That such seizure of government power is usually grossly illegal only better illustrates the disintegration which preceded it and made it possible. Conversely, the capture of control without battle, devastation, or bloodshed indicates the material superiority of this new method of warfare over the old.

Immediately after government power is seized, revolutionary irradiation is discontinued to permit cooling off of the controlled masses. Agitation of the general public is allowed to subside of its own innervation, while more organized elements of partisan resistance, if any such unresponsive fragments of the old order remain, are crushed by police power and chilled by previously calculated amounts of human liquidation. Qualitatively, thereafter, the injections undergo a change from explosive to educational processes.

THE target nation is now governed through the puppet Peoples' Government in accordance with its enemy's plans and demands. It has been completely subjected to its conqueror's will, yet hostile troops have not crossed its frontiers in combat although they may later have been "invited" for protection by the new popular regime. No battles have been fought to create festering sores of hatred and vengefulness down the succeeding years, and absence of armed invasion completely frustrated any military support of the conquered nation by its allies.

This new and completely scientific method of conquest is less dramatic and requires more time than the old order of strictly combat warfare, but it pays off heavily in giving the conquerors control of a relatively



Smokescreen

undamaged labor and industrial force without casualties and without the ruinous expense of battlefield carnage.

More than a dozen nations of the modern world, including vast and populous China, all with venerable heritages and beloved traditions of their own, have fallen to Kremlin control by means of this super military, ideological attack developed by some unknown group of what must have been psychological scientists. For only psychologists, whose field of research concerns motivations of the human mind and spirit, could have turned up such a diabolical discovery, that nationality, the proud, glorious, and inspiring substance of ethnological groups for ages past is fissionable, under controlled circumstances, and will, under scientific attack, disintegrate as completely as armies or cities.

In the light of this discovery, the H-bomb becomes as obsolete as it is dreadful. This is true primarily because, while everyone, from infancy upward, dreads and avoids loud explosions, only morally charged intelligence can detect, identify, and combat the slithery infiltration of degenerate ideas. Primitive nature armed us all against hostile acts of violence, but defense against demoralization requires positive personal qualities which come into existence only through desire and cultivation. Our defenses in these respects are deficient because our attention has long been diverted from their vital importance.

That the American nationality is now and for some time has been under a relentless, efficient, and successful ideological attack is known to some and is being resisted by a few, but it appears that most of us have already been "fissionized" by phase one of the master formula. This lamentable fact is indicated, first, by the bold appearance in our midst of phase two ideas and secondly, by the emergence of influential men of both political parties who openly work together as a

(See FISSIONABLE NATIONALITY, Page 31)

THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES

(Continued from Page 10)

Senators—and our faith that, come what may, *you* will be true to your oath to defend the Constitution and the liberties of this Republic.”

Following this presentation, the Catholic War Veterans of New York, presented the Senator with petitions to the Senate to drop the censure move. The petitions bore the signatures of a quarter of a million veterans.

Millions of Signatures Against Censure

Two days later, a public mass meeting assembled in the DAR Constitutional Hall in Washington, D. C., with 7,500 or more people from throughout the Nation present. Senator Welker of Idaho made the main address, eulogizing the Senator from Wisconsin. Enthusiasm was at its best when Senator McCarthy and his wife Jean, made a surprise visit to the meeting, receiving a standing ovation and turning the meeting into a bedlam of cheers, music and marching, resembling a national political convention.

This mass meeting, together with similar spontaneous meetings throughout the Nation, New York City, Milwaukee and elsewhere signaled forth an organized campaign for ten million petitioners to the Senate of the United States to drop the censure move. As this edition went to press, demands for petitions from over the Nation had soared daily, until if all the petitions requested are returned, more than 40 million citizens will have laid their plea before the United States Senate.

The daily mail of most of the Senators increased four-fold during the period of the debates and reports indicated that the letters averaged nine to one in behalf of Senator McCarthy.

Hearings as long as they lasted, up to recess, resembled those of the censure move against Senator Sam Houston of Texas back in history. As then, the public appeared to have been overwhelmingly opposed to a censure.

As this edition went to press there were several unsavory aspects being engendered into the dispute. Certain leftists were injecting the religious bigoted idea, one side claiming McCarthy is anti-Semitic, another claiming that it is a battle between Catholics and Protestants. Certain elements were planting in the public mind that the Senator's hospitalization was a form of filibuster.

Religious Bigotry Enters Controversy

A major Jewish organization, The Mizrahi Organization of America has decried these “irresponsible statements of foes of Senator McCarthy,” while in New York City, the son of Stanley Isaacs, set off a bomb shell when he attacked the Senator in an ungracious manner before another Jewish gathering. Many Protestants have also come to the Senator's defense, and the authorities at Naval Hospital, in Washington, where the Senator is confined let it be known his injury is real, not a ruse, to dodge a censure debate.

Frankly, there have been attempts to influence the Senator to make certain apologies, so as to end the debate without censure, but he has taken the attitude that he has done nothing wrong and thereby invites Senate action rather than to save face.

There appears a bare possibility that a compromise resolution will be adopted, one that instead of censuring Senator McCarthy, will serve as a notice to all Senators in the future. There is hardly a session of Congress in which tempers, accompanied by name-



United Press Photo

Petitions Bearing Over Quarter Million Signatures Opposing Censure of Senator McCarthy Presented Him at Capitol in Washington, D. C., by Catholic War Veterans of New York.

calling, and even fistic scuffles have occurred. These are natural in a way, since individuals from various States become ruffled in arguments over legislation, each trying to sustain his position. But seldom has an uproar reached the stage where there has been a move to censure a fellow Senator. The Senate has been one of the outstanding forums of free expression of differences. Many feel it should so remain.

Government Continues Drive on Reds in Government

The new immunity law will get its first application in the current Federal Grand Jury investigation into espionage which has been called by the Department of Justice.

One of the first witnesses called has been William



United Press Photo

Andrea Gaggero, Excommunicated Priest, Holds Communist Picasso's "White Dove" During Stalin Peace Prize Presentation in Rome.

Ludwig Ullmann former Treasury Department official identified in testimony as a member of a vital Soviet espionage ring in Washington during World War II.

Ullmann has been named by Elizabeth Bentley, self-confessed Red courier, as a key participant in the famous Silvermaster group. Nathan Silvermaster, also a former Treasury official, has likewise been linked with the Soviet Secret Police in testimony before Congressional committees. Of the group a Congressional report says: "Another member of this group was William Ludwig Ullmann, who resided with Silvermaster. Ullmann . . . was primarily responsible for obtaining and photographing classified war plans as well as reports of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which had been furnished the Army Intelligence. It is interesting to note that Ullman maintained a photo-record camera in the basement of the Silvermaster home in Washington. This expensive photographic equipment is only practical for reproduction of books or documents on a 35mm film which Bentley has stated was the type frequently furnished her."

Also scheduled to testify before the grand jury is Earl Browder, former head of the American Communist Party. It has been indicated he will be asked about Soviet spy groups which allegedly operated under him when he headed the party.

State and Security Employees Fired

A discharged code expert in the super-secret National Security Agency who was fired for removing restricted documents from the agency's files has been indicted on several counts under the espionage act.

The defendant is Joseph S. Petersen, Jr., former physics teacher, before seeking Government employment. He pleaded innocent when arraigned before a Federal Judge in Arlington, Va., a suburb of the Nation's Capital.

The indictment charges that Petersen removed and kept in his apartment from July, 1953 to September, 1954, "classified documents and notes taken from classified documents" which were a part of highly secret files of the War Department of the United States Government. One count charges that he removed the documents "with intent and reason to believe they would be used to the injury of the United States and to the advantage of a foreign nation."

Another accused him of using "in a manner prejudicial to the safety and interest of the United States" certain secret information regarding intelligence and communications of the Federal Government. The third count involves removal of the secret papers to his home.

The nation involved has been disclosed as the Netherlands, but the State Department hastened to say there is "no reason to question the good faith of the Netherlands Government." The Netherlands Embassy has publicly stated its agent, Col. J. A. Verkuyl, accepted the information in the belief Peterson's actions were "known and authorized" by his superiors.

Included in information copied by Petersen, it is alleged, was data on our breaking of the Dutch code. Other copied documents involved information we have on other secret codes.

John Paton Davies, career diplomat who has been a frequent target of attack by Senator McCarthy, the late Senator McCarran and others, has been fired by his boss, Secretary of State Dulles.

In announcing the dismissal, Secretary Dulles reviewed the provisions of the Executive Order dealing with "Security Requirements for Government Employment," and the steps taken under it regarding the 46-year-old diplomat.



United Press Photo

Edward Lamb, Who Refused Post as Democrat Party Treasurer in 1953, Hears Twelve or More Ex-Communists Testify to His Past Activities in Behalf of Communist Movements. FCC Hearings Concern His Radio Station Licenses.

He pointed out that a security board, following a hearing and with due consideration, determined that Davies "demonstrated a lack of good judgment, discretion and reliability" and found that he had "made known his dissents from established policy outside of privileged boundaries."

He further observed that the security board "emphasized that its decision stemmed preponderantly not



United Press Photo

New York Contingent of a Nationwide Assembly of 7,500 Which Met in Constitution Hall, Washington, D. C., on Veterans Day in Support of Senator McCarthy.

from derogatory information supplied by others, but from its own thorough and exhaustive analysis of Mr. Davies' known and admitted works and acts and, in connection therewith, his direct admissions and deficiencies as a witness before the board."

Secretary Dulles emphasized that the security board did not find Davies disloyal in the sense of having any Communistic affinity. He said, however, that under the Executive Order on security it "is not enough that an employee be of complete and unswerving loyalty. He must be reliable, trustworthy, of good conduct and character."

Davies, too young for retirement benefits, has said he would not contest the Secretary's decision to fire him.

"Weakest Link" Again in Limelight

Dr. Edward U. Condon, former head of the U. S. Bureau of Standards, is having an off-and-on experience with his security clearance in his new job at the Corning Glass Co. in New York.

Condon left the Bureau of Standards under fire of Congress and quickly grabbed a job with Corning. The scientist said in June he was aware that the Defense Department was reviewing his security status, since Corning does some defense work, but Condon contended that he was doing non-defense work. He is a director of research and development.

Early this Fall, Corning officials announced that Condon had been granted clearance to classified information "several months ago." The announcement no sooner hit the press than an announcement came from the Navy Department cancelling that clearance.

Secretary of Navy Thomas, ordered the Eastern Regional Industrial Security Board to review its earlier clearance of Condon. After looking over the clearance record Secretary Thomas said: "Based on this review I have determined there is sufficient evidence to warrant my requesting complete reconsideration of this action."

The House Committee on Un-American Activities once termed Condon the "weakest link in the country's atomic security chain." Condon's difficulty stems from his association with other scientists, including Oppenheimer, who have been linked with the Red movement.

Traitor Defending Movement Billed for Taxes

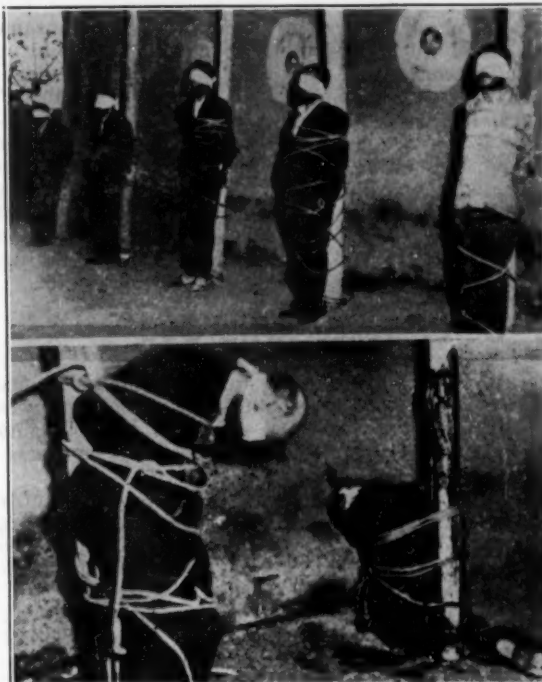
The notorious Rosenberg spy ring case is in the news again—this time involving the sympathizers who formed an organization to aid the plotters.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue says the "National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case," owes Uncle Sam \$124,121 as a tax on the huge fund it raised in behalf of the traitors, and has filed a lien against the organization to collect.

It will be recalled that Julius and Ethel Rosenberg were tried, convicted and finally electrocuted for their part in illegally obtaining and passing vital American atomic secrets to the Reds.

The Government contends that the tear-jerking outfit that raised such huge sums of money in our country to defend the pair which betrayed our country, is not a charitable organization, and that the funds it raised are therefore subject to an income tax of \$124,121.

There is no indication whether there are still funds available against which the lien can be levied or whether the Government will move in on the officers of the outfit.



United Press Photo

Nine of 173 Indicted Iranian Communists, Army Officers and Civilians, So Far Convicted and Executed as Conspirators for Moscow.

Lawyers Guild Must Register Under Subversive Act

The National Lawyers Guild has lost its initial move to prevent the U. S. Attorney General from listing it as a subversive organization. Federal Judge Charles McLaughlin held in favor of the Justice Department, pointing out that the Guild had not exhausted its administrative remedies. Guild representatives indicated the matter will be taken to the Court of Appeals.

The Guild argued that Attorney General Brownell "prejudged" the matter and therefore his Department should not have the matter adjudicated in its favor.

One statement cited by the Guild was a Brownell speech before the Bar Association in 1953 in which he reportedly said: "It has been clear that at least since 1946 the leadership of the Guild has been in



United Press Photo

Thousands of Non-Communist Refugees from North Vietnam, Camp at Saigon, Indo-China.

the hands of card-carrying Communists." In the same year, the Guild claims, the Attorney General told an AMVETS convention that the Guild is "the legal mouthpiece of the Communist Party and its members."

Normally an organization about to be listed as subversive is given a hearing but the Guild jumped the gun and went into court with the result the court held it had not exhausted its administrative remedy by fighting the listing at the hearing. Department of Justice attorneys held that the Guild had no place in court until after the hearing on its proposed listing.

No 'Co-Existence' with God

The Reds have again come up with another choice example of their ability to talk out of both corners of their mouth at the same time and this occasion involves their current "best seller" topic of conversation—"co-existence."

For some time the Communist propaganda mills have been turning out copy to the effect that atheistic Marxism and Christianity can "co-exist" in the same world just as they claim Marxist Iron Curtain countries and free nations can co-exist peaceably.

However, secret books of the Communist network reveal the Reds know better and have no intention of ever getting along on friendly terms with Christianity. Recent published reports of "No 24 Bloknot Agitator," being the agitators notebook give the true picture of the attitude and plan of atheistic Reds toward our churches.

That notebook says: "There are people who quite seriously believe that religion and Communism do not contradict one another. There are even some comrades who misguidedly believe that freedom of conscience means freedom to follow a religious cult.

"Such people fail to understand the attitude of the Communist Party which regards religion as the ideology of the bourgeoisie, which must be extirpated."

Then it continued, "The destruction of a religious outlook is a complicated and lengthy process. Systematic propaganda is necessary, a kind of propaganda which, drop by drop, will form in people a godless, scientific outlook."

Red Minister on Trial for "Heresy"

Rev. Claude Williams, Detroit minister who became the first Michigan preacher in a century to be defrocked for heresy, has taken a strange move in appealing the decision of his church in dropping charges of Communism against him. His actual conviction of heresy was based, according to the church trial, on his writings which contained "views contrary to the Holy Scriptures."

Originally charges of Communism had been included but a church representative said this charge was dropped because it was not based on church law or theology.

Williams, identified as a card carrying Communist, says the church has a "moral responsibility to find me innocent or guilty of their charge that I am a Communist."

Louis A. Komjathy, who handled the prosecution of the case for the church, has also appealed and protested the dropping of the Communist charge, declaring: "We established the charge of Communism and feel it should be decided."

Williams was an industrial chaplain for the church in the Detroit area from 1943 to 1946.

His appeal and the appeal of Komjathy will probably not be acted upon until arguments are heard



United Press Photo

Six of the Score of Puerto Rican Communist Party Leaders Arrested by the FBI on Charges of Conspiracy to Overthrow United States Government. Seizures Took Place in Hidalgo, Texas; Puerto Rico; Chicago and New York City.

before the church's highest judicial body, the General Assembly, which meets in Los Angeles next May.

Commies Move Back into Hollywood

Reds are attempting to get back in the act, according to word coming from the film capital which indicates a revival of infiltration efforts there. This time the Commies are seeking names instead of money, although they could use the latter since some of their front organizations which contributed so liberally in the past are in pretty bad straights under the blazing light of publicity.

Currently the ex-comic Charlie Chaplin is one of the leading figures being used by the Reds in their international sounding board. An Indian Film Workers' delegation enroute to Moscow encountered Chaplin in Switzerland and what they claim he said has been put to wide use by the Moscow machine. The secretary of the delegation is quoted as saying: "Charlie ex-



United Press Photo

Minoru Takono, Secretary General of Tokyo, General Council of Japanese Trade Unions, With 3.4 Million Members, Free Asia's Greatest Labor Force, an Avid Follower of Chinese Communist Line and is Equally Anti-American.

plained to us the disease, the neurosis, which was really the basis of the hysteria sweeping through that country today. He explained to us the craze for speed, the craze for money, the extreme mechanization of life, the extreme division of labor which hidebound each worker to a single mechanical operation all of his life . . . he gave us the picture of the common people dominated and crushed by the giant industrial concerns, the common people robbed of their human personality being forced into nerve-racking cutthroat competition with their fellow workers, living in a state of emotional emptiness, in a constant nightmare of fear."

Thus grinds the Red line as it returns to Hollywood.

Oppose USA Move Against UN Reds

The American Civil Liberties Union has hopped down the throat of Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., U. S. delegate to the United Nations with a denunciation of American demands concerning United States UNESCO personnel.

Mr. Lodge has been critical of Dr. Luther Evans, former head of the Library of Congress, now UNESCO's director general, because of the lax manner in which he has handled loyalty cases.

There have been eight cases in which the loyalty of American employees is questioned, and Dr. Evans has refused to discharge them. Of four of them he insisted they be kept on until their contracts expire. Mr. Lodge has held that failure of Dr. Evans to dismiss them is harmful to the security program of the United States.

Here again is another example of how certain liberal segments of our country believe the United Nations is an almighty super outfit which supersedes the interests of our own country. The American Civil Liberties Union claims that the action of Mr. Lodge in insisting on dismissal of American employees of questionable loyalty is a violation of the obligation of the United Nations charter to which we are a party. They refer to that part which specifies that no member nation should attempt to influence Secretariat members. It is a sad state of affairs if member countries of the United Nations cannot dismiss their own employees attached to commissions, etc., of the United Nations organization.

Professionals Move Against Reds

Another defender of Reds has found himself embroiled with his bar association as the result of courtroom misconduct.

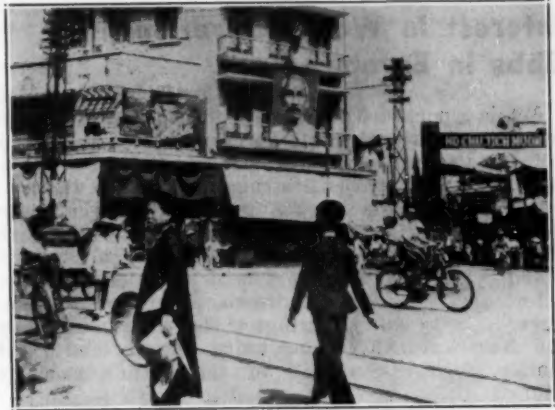
He is George W. Crockett, Jr., Detroit attorney, who is charged with professional misconduct by the Michigan State Bar Association grievance committee for his actions at the trial of the 11 top Communists in New York in 1949.

Federal Judge Medina, trial judge, sent Crockett to jail for four months, holding that his courtroom behavior constituted contempt of court.

Three circuit judges were named on a panel to hear the grievance committee's case and the result could include either public or private reprimand, suspension, disbarment or dismissal of the complaint.

The regents of the University of Michigan have turned thumbs down on the request of two of its dismissed faculty members for severance pay.

Dr. H. Chandler Davis and Dr. Mark Nickerson were both fired for their failure to cooperate with the House



United Press Photo

Hanoi, North Vietnam Follows Other Communist Occupied Countries in Propaganda Brain-Washing Methods.

Committee on Un-American Activities. The regents were just as uncooperative in refusal to support the claims for pay. The regents' resolution said the board "concludes that the circumstances in these cases do not warrant severance pay."

Medicine and atheism don't mix in the opinion of Dr. Elmer Hess, president-elect of the American Medical Association. In remarks prepared for presentation to the meeting of the Southern Medical Association Dr. Hess said any doctor "who lacks faith in the Supreme Being has no right to practice medicine." He added: "Show me a doctor who denies the existence of the Supreme Being and I will say that he has no right to practice the healing art. A physician who walks into a sick room is not alone. He can only minister to the ailing person with the material tools of scientific medicine—his faith in a higher power does the rest."

He also expressed the fear that while medical schools are doing a great job teaching fundamentals of scientific medicine yet "concentration on basic science is so great the teaching of spiritual values is almost neglected."

FUTURE FEATURES

Many treats are in store for readers of NATIONAL REPUBLIC. Some of the features to come include these interesting contributions—

Group Dynamics—Tool for Social Change

Lincoln—Preserver of the Union

Dilemma of the "Liberal" Mind

The Man Who Taught Lincoln

Give Me Liberty

Lincoln and His Memorial

Minority Rights and Majority Tyranny

and many others—appearing soon.

Interest in World Government Ebbs in Europe

While reports trickle in from abroad that the clamor for a supernational world government is dwindling in Europe, the supporters of the World Government plan in our country are still struggling to keep the coals burning. The New York State Branch of the United World Federalists, an outfit which seeks to have the UN transformed into a World Government, recently billed a rally in New York with Maurice Evans, an actor, as the general chairman. Listed as speakers were Rev. Donald Harrington, leftwing minister of the New York City Community Church, and Pierce Butler, former chairman of the outfit's executive council.

Secret Agent Names 72 Commies

Communists and their fronter stooges now have another target for their epithets since Ralph K. Heltzinger, of West Reading, Pa., an undercover agent, has come up as a key Government witness in the trial of nine Pennsylvania Red party leaders for conspiracy under the Smith Act, and as a witness before the Senate Internal Security Committee.

There has been a long trail of these patriotic citizens who have exposed the Red menace to our country and who as the result have been the object of Communist smear tactics.

Heltzinger said he joined the Communist Party in 1944 at the request of the FBI and that he made regular reports to that agency on activities and plans of the Pennsylvania Red Party.

He has put his finger on eight of the nine defendants in the Pennsylvania Red case and in addition has supplied the names of some 72 persons he claims he knows are Reds or have connection with the Red network. Some of the names had already been mentioned by other witnesses, but his evidence strengthened the case against them. In some instances the present whereabouts of the person named is unknown.

Going Getting Tougher for Reds

Claude Mack Lightfoot, executive secretary of the Illinois branch of the Communist Party, has lost his move to have a Smith Act indictment against him dismissed.

Federal Judge Phillip Sullivan, in Chicago, turned down the Red's plea to throw out the indictment charging Lightfoot with teaching or advocating the violent overthrow of the Government. The court, in its decision, denied the indictment invaded the rights of freedom of speech, assembly and belief and that it was founded on the principle of guilt by association.

The Red plot took on a new appearance in Kentucky where a grand jury indictment charged five persons with conspiring to damage property to achieve a political end—Communism. The incident involved an explosion at the home of Andrew Wade, a negro electrical contractor who moved into an all white community at Shively, Ky. Those indicted on the conspiracy charge are Carl Braden, copyreader for the *Louisville Courier-Journal*, Mrs. Braden, Lewis Lubka, former union leader, Vernon Brown, and I. O. Ford. Of the five, all but Lubka had previously been indicted for advocating sedition.

Albert Nathanson wants a job on the New York Police Department, but because his mother allegedly once signed a Communist Party nominating petition, he has been turned down. So Nathanson has gone



United Press Photo

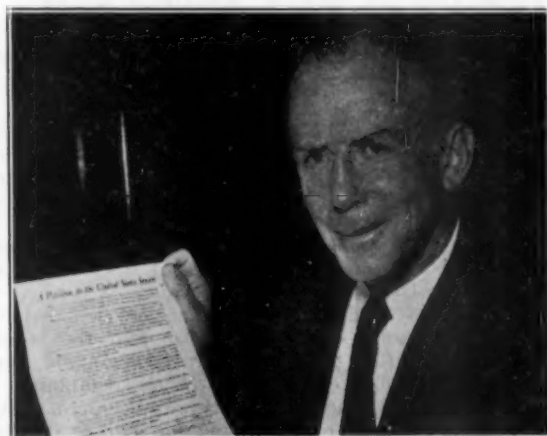
Senator McCarthy and Wife, Pay Pro-McCarthy Mass Meeting Surprise Visit. Seventy-five Hundred Crowded into DAR Constitution Hall, Washington, D. C. Delegations in Attendance from Most of the 48 States.

into the Supreme Court of New York seeking an order directing the Bronx police commissioner to give him a probationary appointment.

In his petition he claims he has passed all the necessary examinations for appointment and was certified as eligible until he was served with an order to show cause why he should not be dropped because of his mother's signature on the petition. His mother reportedly stated she couldn't recall signing the petition, but admitted signing some kind of a petition for lower rents. Nathanson claims neither he nor any member of his family have ever been Communists.

The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board in Washington, D. C., set a precedent recently when it refused to grant a liquor license because one of the applicants refused to answer questions concerning alleged Communist Party activities. One of the applicants in the case, which involved a transfer of license, was Rebecca Pearlman. Sworn testimony of a former FBI undercover agent who gained membership in the Communist Party, was that Mrs. Pearlman and her husband were members of the Communist Party "as late as 1950." The liquor board pointed out that Mrs. Pearlman subsequently refused under oath to say whether she was a member of the Communist Party.

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United Press Photo

Rear Admiral John G. Crommelin, Retired, Opens "Ten Million Americans Mobilizing for Justice," Hotel Roosevelt, New York City, In Petition Drive in Defense of McCarthy.

COMMUNIST MENACE ABROAD

By PAUL R. BISH



Mr. Bish

As the Soviet masterminds continue "peaceful" intrigues, they also carry on their hit-and-run wars through their satellites. Pleading for world peace and "peaceful co-existence" in an effort to keep the non-Communist governments off balance and from coordinating their programs for defense from the Red hordes, the Reds plead for non-warfare by the anti's while the former can consolidate their gains from previous warfare, and at the same time carry on their conspiracies and warfare against the other countries.

In the Far East, new incidents are occurring in Vietnam, Korea and Formosa areas. Of course these are "defensive" according to the Reds. Everyone is picking on them, they are "peaceful."

Recent attacks on Nationalist Chinese Islands are evidence of the fakery of "peaceful co-existence." Recent incidents in non-Red Vietnam are further proofs of the fakery of "co-existence." The buildup in Korea is another proof of its fakery. If neighbors can't live in peace and quiet, how can one believe that any country can live in "peaceful co-existence" with the Reds.

Pressures are being put on Japan, subversion is being spread throughout the Southeast, throughout the Pacific Islands, the Near East, Africa, West Germany, Austria, Greece, Italy, France and to our South. Pressures are on Finland, Netherlands, Iran, Turkey, India and Pakistan. That's the "peaceful co-existence" that the Reds offer.

Even Yugoslavia is making eyes at Russia.

Russia is clamping down on the religious again. They are training fake ministers as anti-religious apostles to go forth and preach fake gospels. Malaya reports Red terrorists have been recruiting and training boys as young as 14 years of age, forming them into "young devil squads" for use as spy messengers and have been increasing efforts to indoctrinate school children.

Nehru, India's ruler, and a tool of Russia and Red China, has been doing some doubletalk since he returned from a conference with his Red pals in China. He says in one voice that the Reds want from 15 to 20 years of peace so as to carry on an industrial expansion. In another, he says that the Communists told him they are more interested in capturing small Nationalist-held islands off China than in conquering Formosa. The real facts are that they want all of Formosa, all Korea and Indo-China, but the main thing they want is Japan. They could, with Korea and Formosa and Kuriles, squeeze Japan into submission.

In Iran the wholesale roundup of Soviet spies and espionage agents within its own government, armed forces and trade and educational agencies continues. Five more have been executed while some 122 await trial. Twenty in all have been executed to date.

In Greece, the Communist-Socialist front has elected Pausania Katsotas as mayor of Athens. He is anti-pro-Western government, he threatens

the dominance of Premier Papagos who fired him from his generalship of the Central Greece Army during the guerilla warfare in which he failed to measure up to the challenge.

England has been having its problems too, recently the dismissal of a clerk in its defense division, marked the 124th security risk ouster by the government. A recent spy caught, dismissed and jailed, was John Clarence who passed official secrets on to the Russians, some of which included anti-aircraft installations.

England has just broken a long strike on the warterfront which was charged to Communist intrigues.

France is still trying those within its government who were turned up in the unmasking of a huge spy ring which had reached into the higher brackets of the government. Reds, it is stated, obtained French "FBI" secrets through Red spy ring manipulations.

West German police seized arson bound saboteurs from East Germany. They had orders to kill West German authorities. In Jordan, two Communist-Socialist front candidates were elected to the government. They were Abdel Qader es-Saleh, and Rashad Maswadeh. Previously the army was called out when riots led to the burning of the American information center in Amman. The Italian cabinet meantime, has mapped further curbs on the Reds in that country and the Reds are said to be having some difficulty in Tibet again where anti-Red revolts are rife.

Argentine Reds are reported seeking new fronts with Socialists and leftwing labor elements. Brazil has seized two more Communists, 18 top leaders are now held for trial for conspiracies. Chile has closed down a Red newspaper for infringing the law for the defense of democracy. One Communist, Jose Becerra, had in his possession a veritable arsenal. Numerically, Chilean Communists outnumber those of all other South American countries. Guatamala is completing a list which may total 200,000 Reds, some 72,000 now named. These operated in that country prior to the counter-revolution which swept them out of control of the government.

Russia has set up a Red cell at the North Pole, the first party organization of its kind north of Siberia.

Another Moscow propaganda setup was that of the World Youth Congress, organized nine years ago. Out of it grew the World Federation of Democratic Youth, now the youth propaganda agency for Moscow throughout the world. It has its agents in our own educational centers who echo the Moscow line today.

THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES

(Continued from Page 26)

Former Institute Leader Moscow Decorated

Edward Clark Carter, 76, once decorated by the Russian government, defender of Owen J. Lattimore and former secretary of the Institute of Pacific Relations, is dead. The organization has been under fire of various committees of Congress and Carter appeared before a Federal Grand Jury in 1951 and denied that he was or ever had been a Communist. He joined up with the Institute in 1924 and helped organize the Russian War Relief. He was the first provost of the leftwing New School for Social Research in 1950.

Word from Japan is to the effect that the Pacific Council of the Institute has elected Prof. Harold H. Fisher, of Stanford, as chairman.

New Roundup of PR Subversives

FBI agents have been cracking down on Puerto Rican Nationalists, a Communist inspired movement which has had a new flareup in the United States and on the Island, and have arrested many leaders in New York, Illinois and Texas. Among those arrested are Carmen Dolores Torresola, common law wife of the man who was slain while trying to assassinate President Truman, in 1950; Santiago Gonzalez Castro, on parole for his part in the attempted assassination of Gov. Blanton Winship in Puerto Rico in 1938, and Ramon Mirabal Carrion secretary general of the Puerto Rican Communist Party.

Meanwhile, 13 Puerto Rican Nationalists were sentenced to six years in prison for sedition.

Lamb (Radio) Hearing Enters Final Stages

Witness after witness are being paraded before the Federal Communications Commission testifying to alleged activities, affiliations and contributions to Communists by Edward O. Lamb, whose renewal of license to operate a television station at Erie, Pa., is being held up pending the final outcome of the hearings now in its fourth month.

Mabel Flicker, of Swanton, Ohio, testified recently that Lamb spoke at the dedication of Lincoln House, headquarters of the Communist Political Association in Toledo in 1944. The witness admitted she was also once a Communist.

Lamb's former secretary, Mrs. Evelyn Runge, has also testified that in 1945 or 1946 Lamb told her he "attended Communist school in Russia at the same time as Earl Browder." She was not given any further details, she said.

Eugene Stoll, also of Swanton and a former Communist, testified he sold Lamb a subscription to a Communist organ in 1934. He said he had visited Lamb's office a number of times on labor matters and that in some of these instances he took several Communists to Lamb's offices with him. He further testified that within the last year, Lamb told him he had no connection with the Communist movement.

Another witness, Claudius Russell, of Toledo, who joined the Communist Party in 1944, testified that he

was originally led into the party by William G. Cummings also of Toledo, a previous witness against Lamb, and a former FBI undercover agent in the party.

Russell testified that he saw Lamb make a contribution to a Communist organ in 1944.

Also testifying was Mrs. Loris Russell, who claims to have served at one time as Lamb's secretary, and says she witnessed Lamb's dedication speech at the opening of the Communist Party headquarters in Toledo, in 1944, and that she had seen him make a contribution towards its support.

Possibly the most important witness against Lamb to date, was Edward T. Cheyfitz, of Toledo, an attorney, who testified that he has known Lamb for many years and often talked with him about Communism and Russia. Cheyfitz joined the Young Communist League while a student at the University of Michigan back in 1932, at the age of 18, moving up into the Communist Party ranks which he did not leave until 1939, when disgruntled over the Stalin-Hitler Pact.

Cheyfitz has had varied experiences, as an official of CIO unions, as attorney for strikers and sojourned to Russia, after Lamb had encouraged the trip. He worked in a chemical plant in Russia for eight months and he says he did it under great difficulty. Cheyfitz was later advisor to DiSalle, prominent Ohio Democrat leader and he became assistant to Eric Johnson, former President of the U. S. Chamber of Commerce and presently Motion Picture Association head. Presently he is a law partner of Edward Williams, special counsel for Senator McCarthy in the latter's censure fight.

Lamb, publisher of newspapers and operator of radio stations in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Florida, was formerly a small time attorney in Ohio, who grew up as a poor boy, working his way through college, and handling mostly labor cases. He was associated with the International Labor Defense, the American section of a Communist International with headquarters in Moscow. He also was a board member of the Lawyers Guild, has written on Russian affairs in books and in leftist publications, including *Soviet Russia Today* and has defended Communists, greeted them, and opposed investigating committees, all of which he would like for others to forget, for he has offered \$10,000 to any one who can prove he ever had such affiliations, made any contributions to such, or has favored such.

His renewal license for the Erie radio station is held up until a decision is made from the hearing now in its fourth month, and the decision of the Federal Communications Commission will have a bearing on his other licenses, for he has sworn in obtaining the licenses that he never had such a background as is now being unfolded by witnesses before the FCC.

Senate Exposes Red Line In Army Program

A new blast at Red infiltration of the Army's education program was taken by Senator William Jenner, Chairman of the Senate Internal Security Committee, when he recently released transcripts of hearings held a few months ago by his committee.

Senator Jenner said: "The Army's information and education program, to which every GI was subjected, was heavily loaded with pro-Soviet propaganda and staffed in many instances by men with Communist records. The findings were based on activities in World War II.

Propaganda used in the courses included material

of the Soviet Information Bulletins, Amerasia magazine and publications of the Institute of Pacific Relations "which this committee found was regarded by Soviet officials as an instrument of Communist propaganda." Senator Jenner also claimed the Army had on its staff men who later invoked the Fifth Amendment in refusing to testify as to whether they were ever Communists.

Investigation of infiltration at Fort Monmouth, N. J., has been continuing. Of the 22 employees who were suspended under the security risk program, 13 have now been reinstated. Six have been fired for keeps. Three others are awaiting a decision.

Lattimore Trial in January

Charges and countercharges are being made over the case of Owen Lattimore, former State Department adviser under indictment for perjury in connection with his answers to questions concerning his association with Communists and the Communist movement.

Lattimore's attorneys have charged that the new indictment is "even less defensible than its predecessor" and they ask dismissal on the grounds it is "too vague" to enable the defendant to construct an adequate defense.

The Government attorneys, on the other hand, charge that the scheduled trial judge is biased and has asked that he disqualify himself which he has refused to do. The claim is based on Federal Judge Youngdahl's dismissal of four counts of an indictment against Lattimore in 1953 and his statements concerning the remaining counts. The U. S. Attorney says the Government did not object to the judge making a decision in the former case, but objected to the manner in which it was made, adding that it reflected "a bend of mind on the part of your honor that may impede or prevent impartial justice." The trial on the remaining old and several new counts begins in early January.

Which Way Nobel Awards?

Two men accused of Communist front affiliations are recipients of 1954 Nobel prizes.

One is Ernest Hemingway, who has been identified with a host of pro-Soviet and leftist movements in this country, was awarded the Nobel prize for literature with his yarn about the old man and his fish. The Hemingway is to permit his name to be loosely tossed around as sponsor of and contributor to a variety of front movements.

The other Nobel Prize winner is Dr. Linus Pauling, who received his award for chemistry. Pauling several months ago had trouble getting a U. S. passport, because he was accused of having what Senator McCarthy called "a well nigh incredible record" of membership in Communist fronts. The State of California's Subversive Activities Committee has exposed Pauling's record.

In 1952 the State Department denied him a passport to attend a London chemical society meeting because the trip "was not in the best interests of the United States."

Pauling after recently receiving the Nobel award, stuck his nose into the controversy over security clearance for Dr. Robert Oppenheimer, declaring our Government's action in restricting Oppenheimer's access to secrets as "the worst case of national ingratitude I know."

How, and by whom, Nobel awards are determined

is not generally known, but more frequently than not, the leftist appear to receive the first if not the exclusive consideration of its board of awards.

Red Penetration of Education not Unfounded, but Exaggerated

Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam, who in the minds of many has never satisfactorily cleared up why he has permitted his name to be tossed around so liberally by so many pro-Red organizations, comes up with some new and far-fetched insinuations involving so-called Red hunters.

Misrepresenting those seeking to ferret out Communism in the schools when there is conclusive evidence and confessions in the record that Communists have succeeded in infiltrating our educational system, the Bishop paints what many consider a warped picture by insinuating that *every* teacher is being led to the whipping post as a suspected Communist.

Speaking in Des Moines, Iowa, recently, Oxnam is quoted as saying, "Men who declare that in every little red schoolhouse there is a little Red teacher bear false witness that is well nigh treason."

Well when a high ranking bishop of any church sounds off, usually people take note, so that's a good idea in this particular case.

Some one should ask Bishop Oxnam to produce statements from anyone, anywhere, at anytime, wherein it has been stated that "in *every* little red schoolhouse there is a little Red teacher." Yes, Mr. Oxnam, who ever said that?

Would you, Mr. Oxnam, be willing to say that if there are any "Red teacher" in any "red schoolhouse," that such teacher should be fired? It seems that's a little simpler.

Anyone with an ounce of sense knows the Bishop isn't talking sense in accusing anyone of such a wild statement. Americans are proud of the great host of loyal men and women devoting their lives to educating our children, but one finds a rotten apple in many a choice basket, and the wise merchant doesn't permit them to lie around long. And the fact one is found, doesn't mean that all the apples are rotten.

Among the recent indictments issued by the Federal Grand Jury in Washington, are several more educators: Lawrence Baker Arguinbau, of MIT; Marcus Singer, of Cornell; Goldie Watson, Philadelphia high school teacher; Bernard Deutch, of Pennsylvania University, a former Cornell student, and Lloyd Barenblatt, of Michigan University and formerly of Vassar.

With them were indicted John T. Watkins, CIO union officials of Rock Island, Ill., labor organizer; Barrows Dunham, of Oynwid, Pa., formerly of Temple University, and Millie Markison, Silver Springs, Md., housewife and former teacher and Government worker.

The eight were indicted for contempt of Congress, (the House Committee on Un-American Activities).

Professor Corliss Lamont, formerly of Cornell and Columbia, has been indicted for contempt of the McCarthy Committee and the FBI has caught up with and arrested, Junius Irving Scales, Communist Party chairman of the Southeastern District, who has operated mostly out of Chapel Hill, N. C. The FBI contends that Scales had gone underground in party activities some months ago. Walter S. Steele of NATIONAL REPUBLIC first exposed Scales before the Dies Committee, as active in Communist work in university circles in North Carolina. He is held under \$100,000 bond.

CHRISTMAS FACTS

(Continued from Page 6)

DATE AND WALNUT PUDDING

Boil together for 15 minutes, stirring constantly, 1 lb. of stoned dates, 1 quart of boiling water, 1 cupful of sugar or less to taste. Add $\frac{3}{4}$ cupful of flour mixed to a smooth paste in cold water, juice of half a lemon, and boil 15 minutes longer, continuing the stirring. Then add 2 tablespoons of Angostura aromatic bitters and 2 tablespoons walnut (chopped) meats. Serve cold with Dessert Sauce Angostura.

DESSERT SAUCE ANGOSTURA

Into $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. lightly salted butter work 1 cup confectioner's sugar. Using fork blend together until creamy. Add 1 whole unbeaten egg stirring it thoroughly into the mixture. Stir in 1 teaspoon Angostura bitters. Put mixture into refrigerator to stiffen. Just before serving whip 1 cup of heavy cream and add.

AROMATIC APPLE PIE

Line a deep 10 inch pie plate with rich plain pastry. Slice thin, lengthwise, 4 pared apples and place in crust, overlapping the slices like tiles on a roof. Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful cinnamon, $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful nutmeg and $\frac{3}{4}$ cupful granulated sugar, and sprinkle mixture over top of apples. Beat well, 2 eggs and combine with $\frac{1}{2}$ cupful thin cream and 4 teaspoonfuls Angostura aromatic bitters and pour carefully over apples. Distribute 1 tablespoon butter, in bits, over top of apples. Bake in a very hot oven (450° F.) for 10 minutes, then reduce heat to 350° F. and bake for 50 minutes. Serve with powdered sugar dusted over top.

HOT RUM PUNCH

Dissolve 2 lumps of sugar in a little hot water in an already-warmed punch glass. Add 4 or 5 dashes of Angostura aromatic bitters, 2 oz. Puerto Rican Rum (Gold Label), and 1 slice of lemon with peel attached. Fill up with hot water, grate nutmeg on top, and serve.

CAN YOU RECOGNIZE A COMMUNIST?

(Continued from Page 18)

which the majority of them might be willing to accept with sugar-coating. The more pernicious aspects of Marxism are never mentioned.

The official Constitution of the Communist Party of the United States declares in the Preamble that it bases itself "upon the principles of scientific socialism, Marxism-Leninism." Almost immediately, in the following paragraph, it reads: "The Communist Party upholds the achievements of American democracy," and then launches an attack upon "imperialism and colonial oppression, against racial, national and religious discrimination, against Jim-Crowism, anti-Semitism and all forms of chauvinism."

The point here is, Who will refuse to go along with those who make the latter statements? Who will deny them? And yet the whole reeks with confusion and misleading implications. They no more give a true picture of Marxism-Leninism than Malenkov resembles President Eisenhower. Appeal is to the baser feelings of people who hate oppression and injustice, and at the same time capitalize on the higher ideals of mankind, thus deceiving people into thinking that this is the essence of Marxism. Those who do not go to the sources of what Marx and Lenin taught may accept this as the truth, and therefore may never know what Communism really is.

All that can be attempted here is to mention certain salient features that identify Marxism. If any of these are absent, there can be no total Communism. Conversely, the presence of any of the distinguishing marks will reveal Communist tendencies, even though we cannot prove Party membership.

In summary, Marx was an extreme internationalist. He appealed to the *workers of the world* in his Communist Manifesto and throughout his life. He had no respect for or loyalty to existing governments, which he contended were merely

fronts for the *exploiter class*, designed to control the *exploited proletariat*. Born in Germany, sojourning in France and Belgium, and expelled from each of them, finally taking refuge in England, he at no time showed any loyalty, or even gratitude to the government that gave him asylum. No real Communist can honestly plead loyalty to any particular non-Communist country. *A true Communist residing in a non-Communist country is an extreme internationalist*, and a rabid internationalist is at the very least Communistically inclined.

No one can be a true Marxist if he is a member of any church, or if he believes in any religion, or if he even believes in God. *A Communist must be an atheist*. Marx was an atheist, and so have been all the leaders of Communism everywhere. The display of tolerance toward religious associations is a sham and a farce. Marxian Russia and her satellites must accept what the master meant when he stated that "Religion is the opiate of the people," and that religion was nothing more than a bourgeois invention. Therefore, just as nobody can be a total Communist if he seriously believes in God or religion, anyone who is an atheist is very likely to fall prey to other Communist principles, because he will find them easier to accept.

This is particularly true of the Communist's denial of human, or natural rights, which are dependent, in the final analysis, on the Supreme Being, from whom the individual derives his rights. It is not within the power of any political authority to bestow these rights. But in the Marxian system, there is nothing higher than the "dictatorship of the proletariat." This means that whatever the ruling power decrees, there is no higher law; hence, the individual is subject exclusively to man-made law in all things, even his morals.

Marx was a positivist. According to him, the human being possesses no dignity by virtue of the fact that he is a human being, and he can lay claim to no rights which the so-called "people's government" has not bestowed. *Positivism*,

therefore, is another characteristic of *Marxism*; and anyone who is a full-fledged Communist must of necessity renounce any concept of natural rights, much as he may talk of "human rights," which for him are only such privileges that society sees fit to agree to at any particular moment.

Marxist relentless attacks upon private property and the capitalistic system and its determination ultimately to destroy both by force are well known. The Marxist is not interested in remedying any abuses of capitalism; in fact, he will do all he can to make it evil and intolerable. Anyone who does not strive to remove evils from the capitalistic system is playing into the hands of the Marxist, who magnifies evils and condemns them, but will not raise a finger to rectify them. It is the system, as such, he wishes to destroy. The Communist proposes reform measures, not because he wishes to cure, but as bait to gain followers to kill.

The social aspect of Communism is another prominent, but less recognized feature. The Marxist goes overboard in condemning racial discrimination, because he knows that no one dares to criticize him for this. Its full implication does not strike one, unless he is aware of Marxism's "classless society" concept, which has nothing at all to do with racial discrimination. The Red Father developed this phase of his philosophical system to *reduce all society to a dead level*. This aspect of classlessness has become the basis of a tactical approach used quite effectively by confusing racial prejudice with classes and using this as a wedge to break up various social groupings, thereby sowing the seeds of discord, hatreds, and suspicion.

The Communist "one-world" concept, which again reflects a kind of classlessness in international society, is probably one of the *most sinister aspects of Communism today*, because it appeals to many well-intentioned people who may not fathom the deeper significance, especially in the face of prospects for war which everyone wishes to avoid. Regardless of how

vehemently and sincerely one professes and practices racial tolerance and understanding, let him be opposed to one-worldism, and the Communist will distort the issue into isolationism and racial bigotry.

These characteristics of Communism, with the exception of opposition to capitalism, are little known and rarely mentioned, yet they are basic in Marxianism. Probably many of the rank-and-file Communists themselves are not fully acquainted with the principles which their leaders use in the pattern of their policies. If this is true of Communists, it is quite general among non-Communists, who have not taken the time to enter into a serious study of Marxism.

There must be untold numbers who honestly do not regard themselves as Communists, yet they are Communists-in-the-making, because they have accepted and put into practice one or more of the identifying characteristics mentioned above. They are probably among the more dangerous enemies of our republic, because, like germcarriers, they are not aware of the fact that they are collaborating with the Commies. This, of course, is something they honestly have no intention of doing. The legal definition of Communism certainly does not apply to them. Yet they can do untold harm when they occupy positions of influence in the levels of government, labor unions, education, foreign affairs, or even in the press, in the movies, anywhere that public policy and thinking are generally affected.

Editor's Note: Photo on Page 17 is not of an ordinary housewife, but that of Mrs. Ina Wood, sentenced to ten years for criminal syndicalism in Oklahoma City and wife of the Communist Party leader. Page 18, shows Rev. Elliot White, Episcopalian, New York City, an avowed Communist.

FREE PRESS MEMORIAL

(Continued from Page 16)

paperdom, he was born in Newark, N. J., April 16, 1782, and about ten years after the Revolutionary War, his father migrated with his family to Kentucky, where shortly afterwards he became an apprentice in the plant of a pioneer publisher, John Bradford, who owned the *Frankfort Guardian of Freedom* newspaper. Later Stout quit Bradford and journeyed to Vincennes seeking local support for a newspaper venture. In this he failed and went to Nashville as a printer. In 1802, Stout read of the placing of Indiana Territory printing with a Kentucky printery, and hastened back to Vincennes, appealing to Governor William Henry Harrison, for financial aid and succeeded. A series of fires, interrupted Stout's publication exploits and finally in 1845 he sold out to John R. Jones, and accepted appointive jobs under President Polk. He passed away June 22, 1860.

Now let us take a look at the yellowed tattered files of *The Western Sun*, published by Editor Elihu Stout, about the time young Lincoln was reading this newspaper at Gentryville's one store. Historians tell us there is no March, 1830, newspaper available anywhere, as of the time of his passing through, and operating the *Sun's* handpress. Four years are missing completely, 1830-33.

Other files note these among other items:

—"Thirty Dollars per month and Boarding will be found for a good Journeyman (printer) at this office, if immediate application is made."

—No mail has come from Louisville in four weeks, and none from beyond for five . . .

—Salt was selling for \$2 per bushel and cotton for 25c a pound . . .

—"A squaw was killed in this place . . . she was claimed by two . . . her husband through jealousy put her to death . . ."

—Editor Stout wants book borrowers to return his "Goldsmith's Essays," also Lowe's Poems, and "Historical Anecdotes."

—"The Post rider from Vincennes to Kaskaskia was killed and his body staked to the bottom of the creek (for concealment) . . ."

—Indian hostilities were imminent and "The Army of the Wabash" was being organized.

—Three more persons were killed by Indians and 20 horses stolen . . .

—Subscribers could have the use of his "News Room—an instructive resort for all citizens" at \$3 per year.

—Corn Whiskey selling at 75c a gal., and Rye at \$1 . . .

—"The State Bank of Vincennes suspended specie payments . . ."

—The Vincennes Stearns Mills were operating "seven stones" . . .

—"Your Printer is in want of Flour, Bacon, Hams, Corn or Money . . ."

—The John Ewing home was destroyed by fire, and Ye Editor deploras the city's lack of "any" fire preventions . . .

—General Lafayette was on tour again, and Vincennes hoped he'd visit . . .

—"Improved steam distilleries" were now in use by Thomas Edison and Colonel Buntin . . .

—President Harrison's sudden death got 7 lines of eulogy on Page 3, but the sheet was deeply margined in black mourning.

Lincoln's devotion to daily newspaper reading (attested by household servants and friends and partners) and his mastery of the press for political purposes must indicate the strong "imprint" that the pioneer printing shop of Stout's made on the boy, just turned 21, and thinking seriously of his future occupations.

Unfortunately history can locate no Lincoln letters, no documentation, not even any stories or publicly spoken reminiscences of this nearly forgotten event.

Two years later the press was burned. Thirty-five years later Lincoln was murdered. One hundred and ten years later the 15 x 20 shanty collapsed of old age,

long after the printer and his son and his son's son had ceased to print.

But we do know this Ramage press and its cousins (called Washington and Columbian presses) became increasingly numerous and busy in the free soil territories, governed under the Northwest Territory Ordinance, and the Missouri Compromise which Lincoln's hero, Clay, and New England's hero, Webster, and the South's champion for States' Rights, Calhoun, had carpentered up to quiet the rising disunities.

For nearly two decades, after this "Meeting of the Emancipators," Lincoln said little or nothing on the slavery issue, although Phillips and Garrison and Hattie Stowe and Printer Lovejoy and the Preacher Beecher-John Brown factions were all frothing at the mouth.

Lincoln felt the Constitution protected slavery and its "property rights." He, like President Jackson, insisted the Union must be preserved. He wanted all "problems" to be worked out reasonably and peaceably.

Yet he forcefully favored the Freedoms—Free Soil, Free Speech, Free Assembly, Free Press, Free Thought and Free Voting. He thought the Free States should oppose the extension of slavery anywhere.

But the more words and discussion there were, the more emotions mounted, and the more newspapers sold, the more heated politics became. Thus did Lincoln and the Free Press come into national prominence and power.

As public agitation and excitement grew through the 1850s, fanned by "Uncle Tom's Cabin," the Alton riots, "Bleeding Kansas" and its terror, John Brown's raid, the secession of Southern States and the firing on Fort Sumter, the public demands for newspapers reached great heights. Lincoln's Inaugural was read and commented on all over the world. As the Civil War ran its course, the Press and the President kept the closest relationship—even intimacy—each supplementing the other in the job of reflecting or formulating public opinion.

It may well be said that era "made" the power of the press, just as the press made that era so vital. And never since has popular attention ceased to focus on both. New Lincolniana develops every few years, just as the Press continues to grow in prestige and power.

FISSIONABLE NATIONALITY

(Continued from Page 20)

third force for the already prepared and awaiting new order. That these men represent a bloc of power second to none in our political affairs is plain from their accomplishment, the defeat of the Bricker-George Amendment which, in the tradition of our forefathers, would have raised a Constitutional barrier against deliverance of our people into the New Order BY TREATY!

For the greatest Republic in all history

has been brought to the verge of casting aside its ideals, its human rights, and its constitutional charter as horse and buggy stuff, and is being kidded, frightened, and advertised into submerging its national sovereignty in a pool of world government via a "strengthened United Nations." That this pool of police power will be a bottomless pit for the highest achievements of Humanity, won by more than a thousand years of bloody struggle, is indicated by the predominance of collectivist ideas pervading it, and by its architects, Alger Hiss, Harry Dexter White, and Company. A quietly accomplished synchromatic shift of control of American internal affairs from the power of our great Constitution over to the machinations of this new world order, now sweetly purring alongside us, will be the crowning achievement of warfare by derangement of nationality.

It is not contended that the entire area of American moral confusion is chargeable to "Ideoactive" warfare. The lurid and criminal side of our national conduct has roots and sources of its own, a subject well explored in Philip Wylie's classic of the last decade, "A Generation of Vipers." In our own soft spots, however, the enemy scientists have found ample material with an affinity for contamination and are exploiting it with a purpose and a success beyond our seriously damaged capacity for understanding.

It is not the province of this piece to illuminate in detail the numerous techniques of deterioration working among us. Qualified observers in nearly every major area of American life have already discovered evidence of contamination, and have rushed to sound an alarm. Lately, in fact, the geiger counters are buzzing loudly in so many parts of our national life that a bewildered and confounded public dismisses the disturbance as caused merely by a faulty signaling system.

The purpose of these presents is to report that the signaling system IS reliable, and to disclose the common principle underlying the otherwise incomprehensible pattern of alarm.

Ideological invasion of our Nation, its method and its extent is the best kept military secret of the times. Given our stupendous material resources, how else can our enemies achieve their goal to rid the earth of the American Idea and its meaning in Humanity's upward climb? New cities soon rise from the rubble of the old when predominantly physical destruction falls upon a nation, but history proves that a morally defeated people is content to serve its new masters uncomprehensively among the ruins of its former greatness. This is the only area of breakthrough that insures permanent defeat of the vanquished.

It will be remembered, of course, that every offensive tactic and weapon to date has eventually brought forth from desperate human ingenuity a neutralizing defense. Operation of this law of experience in our favor can not be expected in the

present dilemma, however, unless and until we good citizens fully meet what lawyers call a condition precedent. The condition: nationwide individual conviction that America is now under attack, by a determined and resourceful enemy, employing an obscure but potent method of warfare, which completely disintegrates the source of all opposition to conquest, the fundamental structure of nationality itself.

GOVERNMENT BY TREATY

(Continued from Page 8)

R. I.; Clay, Ky.; Cooper, Pa.; Corwin, O.; Davis, Mass.; Dawson, Ga.; Dayton, N. J.; Dodge, Wis.; Dodge, Iowa; Downs, La.; Felch, Mich.; Foote, Miss.; Greene, L. I.; Hale, N. H.; Houston, Tex.; Hunter, Va.; Jones, Iowa; King, Ala.; Mangum, N. C.; Mason, Va.; Miller, N. J.; Morton, Fla.; Morrison, N. H.; Pearce, Md.; Pratt, Md.; Sebastian, Ark.; Seward, N. Y.; Shields, Ill.; Smith, Conn.; Soule, La.; Spruance, Del.; Sturgeon, Pa.; Underwood, Ky.; Wales, Del.; Webster, Mass.

Those who voted against the treaty were: Atchison, Mo.; Borland, Ark.; Bright, Ind.; Clemens, Ala.; Jefferson Davis, Miss.; Dickinson, N. Y.; Stephen A. Douglas, Ill.; Turney, Tenn.; Walker, Wis.; Whitcomb, Ind.; Yulee, Fla.

Those not voting were: Bradbury, Me.; Benton, Mo.; Hamlin, Me.; Phelps, Vt.; Upham, Vt.; Rusk, Tex.; Elmore or Barnwell, S. C.

Of those Senators voting aye, Webster and Clay had been Secretaries of State, and Webster was again in that office two months later. Cass and Seward became Secretaries of State and notable champions of the Monroe Doctrine. Chase became Chief Justice of the United States. King was Vice President of the United States a year after the vote. At least nine of those who voted aye had been or were to be members of the Cabinet—Badger, Bell, Berrien, Cass, Chase, Clay, Corwin, Seward and Webster.

What mass illusion caused these brilliant men to go astray? No doubt all of them believed that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was an advantageous bargain for the United States and that the Monroe Doctrine should if necessary be set aside for that purpose. England was to quit her intrigues in Central America and furnish the capital for building the canal. The United States was to be patient, get the canal, and then enforce the Monroe Doctrine if possible.

When England failed to furnish canal capital and dug deeper into Central American politics, the Senate began to feel the scorch of public anger. Clayton, under fire, explained that the treaty was the best to be had at the time; that the Monroe Doctrine was a questionable policy; that he favored "non-intervention" rather than application of the doctrine. Seward said the Monroe Doctrine was not a fixed

element of American foreign policy—that many people regarded it as an "abstraction." Cass remarked that neither House of Congress had declared itself in favor of the Monroe Doctrine.

The Clayton-Bulwer treaty plagued the British and American Governments until 1901, when the U. S. Senate forced its abrogation. By that time the Monroe Doctrine was no longer an abstraction, but a guided missile in America's army, thanks to Grover Cleveland.

The advent of the 84th Congress will mark the campaign to close the gap in the dike where the flood of law-making by treaty threatens to wear away the Constitution.

COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA

(Continued from Page 14)

good society it proclaims." (p. 62). (Ital. s.)

"In any estimate of Communism we must remember to compare ideals with ideals and practice with practice, and that Communism was born of the *shortcomings of Christians.*" (p. 63). (Ital. s.)

"We must study and examine Communism, must grapple with it, must seek out and meet its adherents. Only when we have plumbed the depths of their faith, and have sought to understand their hopes and fears, will they listen to the word of spiritual truth in which we believe and which we must speak. *In associating with them* we must remember that indiscriminating co-operation in public activity may jeopardize our capacity to influence our fellow citizens and those in authority. But we must be ready to pay the personal cost; for if we seem aloof and cannot win the sympathy and confidence of those to whom Communism appeals, and if we ourselves are insensible to its challenge, we shall speak to deaf ears" (p. 64) (Ital. s.)

One of the many U.S.A. delegates to this Quaker Conference was Dr. D. Elton Trueblood. Yet on March 7 of this year, Dr. Trueblood was appointed to the newly created post of Chief of Religious Policy, under the U. S. Information Agency! (This post has now been re-named Chief of Religious Information, but there is no indication of any change of approach to "The East-West Conflict" on the part of Dr. Trueblood.)

"Pigs is pigs," decreed the express agent Mike Flannery, in Ellis Parker Butler's famous and humorous short story of the same title. "Propaganda is propaganda," too—whether it be written or voiced knowingly or unknowingly.

Communist propaganda must be identified; it must be exposed for what it is. This can be done through parallelism. If this is not done, there will be further indoctrination of the American people with Communist ideology, to the point where this country becomes the United States of Soviet America, and our coinage is stamped with the motto: "In the State We Trust."

TURNING SEARCHLIGHT ON REDS

By Walter S. Steele

The Communists while sizing up the results of the recent elections, now see in them the nucleus of a labor-farmer political movement and are busily engaged in spreading the idea through their agents in the union labor movements and in the fields of professionals. Their biggest handicap, it can be seen from their propaganda, is among the farm elements. As to the labor field, the idea is gaining in acceptance.

Now that they feel the leftists have made some inroads in Congress, how much is yet to be seen by tests in the new session, they are launching pressure campaigns on issues, including an attempted finishing off of Senator Joseph McCarthy, to destroy, or if not that, then to cripple by control, such Congressional committees as the House Committee on Un-American Activities, the Senate Committee on Internal Security and the Senate Committee on Government Operations, the repeal of the Subversive Control Act, the McCarran-Walter Immigration Act, and the Taft-Hartley Act.

Recent polls taken by them through other forces indicate they were able to put pressure on a number of individuals during the campaign, which is somewhat surprising. As an example they claim that Senator Alvin Barkley, from this writer's home State of Kentucky, was among them and pledged himself to vote for the repeal of the Taft-Hartley Act, the Subversive Control Act, and he became highly critical of the Kentucky Sedition Act. He is also reported to have openly stated that he will fight for a national FEPC Law, all of which may cause some of the Southern, as well as some of the Northern Democrats in the Senate to wonder about the old man's change in heart.

Another highly exploited individual's views, are those of Congressman John Francis Shelley, Democrat Member of the House from California. He is said to have repudiated his vote in the last session on the resolution, now law, which has virtually outlawed the Communist Party.

The Reds are laying claim to over 100 Members on the Hill, who they say have in their polls assured their pollsters that they will fall in line in an effort to repeal the McCarran-Walter Immigration and Naturalization Act, either directly or by amendments. The Red's interest in such action is to open the gates to more alien Reds and to forestall the deportation of alien-born Reds already here. The Government has been deporting many and refusing entry to many more.

"Civil Rights" is of course the mask being used generally in localized Communist projects in our country. A new committee sprang forth in Colorado recently, known as the Colorado Committee to Protect Civil Liberties, this to defend and agitate in behalf of a number of Communists held there for trial on charges of sedition.

In New York City, a Bill of Rights Fund has been created with the first \$50,000 being provided by Professor Corliss Lamont of Columbia University, who is under indictment for contempt of the Senate. Angus Kelley, is treasurer, Edna Johnson, secretary, and Phillip Wittenberg, counsel. The first \$1,000 award made was to the First Unitarian Church, of Los Angeles, to fight the California Loyalty Oath Law. Rev. Stephen Fritchman, who was ousted from the publications division of the Unitarian organization in Boston and who was pulled before the House Committee on Un-American Activities for questioning, is the minister of the church.

Speaking at the meeting to set the anti-oath drive in motion was Rev. Jack McMichael, also questioned by the House committee. A goal of \$1 million for the Bill of Rights Fund has been set by Lamont.

Meantime, to do it up brown, an Emergency Civil Liberties Committee celebration was set for December 15, in New York City by the same crowd. "Honor Guests" will be Corliss Lamont, Harvey O'Connor, Prof. Paul Sweezy, Prof. Chandler Davis, Albert Shadowitz, Abraham Unger and Mrs. Goldie Watson, all educators, except O'Connor and Unger, and according to Communist sources which are pushing the coming event, are "facing trials for use of the Fifth Amendment."

Further emphasis to the so-called "civil rights" drive, has been given by 95 professors, ministers, artists, leftist politicians and union laborites, who are sponsoring the meeting of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, in New York City, December 11 and 12, under the mask of a National Conference to Defend the Rights of Foreign Born Americans.

In another upsurge of the leftists, 175 professors, ministers, leftists politicians, writers, artists, movie actors, attorneys and laborites, have petitioned for amnesty for all Smith Act "victims," as the Reds term their ilk, who, have been indicted and convicted of sedition under the Smith Act. To date 121 Reds have been indicted, 81 convicted and 15 imprisoned. Sixty-six are out on bail while appealing. These so-called "victims" have been grabbed by our Government for Communist conspiracies. The petitioners who include many of the professional activists in behalf of the Reds, come from 33 States, the District of Columbia and Hawaii.

In another field, labor unionism, the Mine, Mill and Smelter Union, has launched a nationwide campaign in support of its International Secretary-Treasurer, Maurice E. Travis, now free on \$10,000 bail awaiting trial for violation of the Taft-Hartley Act, having signed an affidavit that he was no longer a Communist, December 19, 1951.

Travis claims that he resigned from the Communist Party due to the Taft-Hartley Act requirements, August 15, 1949. Undoubtedly the Government has inside evidence which will be trotted out to prove otherwise.

The head of the Communists Civil Rights Congress meantime has completed a jail sentence for defying our Government, and is again up for further questioning and demands which may rejail him.

In an effort to offset the "10 Million Petition" drive of patriots in behalf of Senator McCarthy, which as this column is written has been accomplished in the number set, the Civil Rights Congress, the Student division of the National Association for Advancement of Colored People, the Young Communist Labor Youth League, and a score or more CIO unions suddenly launched a similar campaign in reverse, petitions to Congress to censure Senator McCarthy.

Guiding the LYL petition campaign are Joseph Bucholtz, national chairman of the young Red movement, James Jones, Labor Secretary of the movement, Zve Reibinan, organizational secretary and Ted Mandel, Bronx chairman of the movement—all of New York.

The American Civil Liberties Union, meantime, has begun to inject itself on the side of all of the cases and issues involving the subversive control drives and contempt of Congress issues, loyalty oath requirements, etc. It recently denounced the 83rd Congress for so-called "inroads on civil liberties," pointing out particularly, the enactment of the anti-Communist legislation. It has been silent in regard to any "civil rights" of Senator McCarthy and others to freely voice themselves without censure.

A Christmas Card

By Alexander H. Carasso, Ph.D.



Long before Jesus was born in the little town of Bethlehem, He was born in the hearts of men: Hearts simple and pure.

Men craved for His birth, not knowing that He had always dwelled among them, that He came with the creation of the world.

But even though His spirit soared in eternity, He also wore a garb of flesh which likened Him unto His fellowmen, among which He walked and preached His gospel of salvation.

But men in their blindness and ignorance failed to either recognize or even understand Him. And what was amazing, their ignorance came from too much learning—the wrong lore.

They not only rejected Him, they treated Him most cruelly, and in the end they killed Him. But He, being immortal, could not be destroyed.

All they succeeded in doing was to destroy His mantle of flesh. His spirit they never could reach: They were not men of the Spirit.

But though the men of His time refused to accept Him, the children and those that were young at heart received Him with joy.

And it was to the children of all ages that He promised to return, and to bring them eternal hope and hopeful happiness.

For to His perpetual vision no point in time was either too near or too far. To Him as to His heavenly Father, all beings whether aged one year or one hundred were mere children—children of God.

And this why, year after year, always on the same day, He returns with gifts of His festive spirit and gifts of His undying love:

He comes back to all of us who wait for Him and sincerely love Him.